The Columbian.

VOL. 37. BLOOMSBURG, PA. THURSDAY, MAY 15, 1902 NO. 20

TOWN COUNCIL.

A Large Program of Business was Before the Meeting Thursday.

The Council met Thursday night. It was the longest session for many months and much business was transacted. President Townsend and all members were in attendance.

An ordinance, granting the right to the Irondale Electric Light, Heat and Power Company to erect its poles in town, was presented by Grant Herring with a request that the same be examined and adopted. No action taken.

Edward Searles presented a petition, asking for the grade on East Fourth Street.

A petition, presented by Edward Kester, asking for sewer on West Third Street was referred to the Sewer Committee.

Charles Krug made complaint about the condition of Chestnut alley from East Third Street to Fifth Street. No action taken.

William Deitterich was authorized to arrest any person found riding bicycle on the pavement.

Health Officer Isaiah Hagenbuch, was present. He stated that it would be an advisable move if the town would procure a vacant lot somewhere, where the accumulation of rubbish could be burned. After some consideration it was decided to look after the matter.

Building permits were granted William Hutton for a building on Chestnut Alley and to William Yost for an addition to his property, corner of East and Fifth Streets.

J. W. Nuss asked for grade on Fourth Street. Same to be given.

The Bloomsburg & Millville Street Railway Company was represented by C. W. Miller, Esq. He requested Council to adopt ordinance granting right of way over certain streets, to said company.

Mr. Hughes, chairman of the Committee on Highways, reported that in the matter of the gutter on Fifth street between Market and Centre streets on south side of said street, it will take 19,335 vitrified brick at $15.00 per M., or 19,200 red brick at $10.00 per M; that there is 3,424 square feet of surface to be covered. He further stated that he had an offer from a party to do the work for seven cents per square foot.

Mr. Reimard stated that he had also examined the gutters on Fifth Street. While there Mr. Garrison informed him that the water ought to be carried down Center Street instead of down Fifth Street. This course he said would end the annoyance, which they sufter on the occasion of every heavy rain.

Acting upon the suggestion of Mr. Cox, the matter was held over until the treasury is in a better condition.

Street Commissioner Neyhard reported that the alley along Mrs. John property on Normal Hill is in bad condition, and also that the pavements on the Light Street road need attention. Referred to proper committee.

The following pavements were reported by the Commissioner of High ways: Mrs. Donahue, Seventh street; Building and Loan Assn., Seventh street; Knorr and Wintersteen, Seventh street; Artificial Ice Company, Seventh street; M. T. Ohl, Seventh street; E. B. Brower, Glasgow Cameron, Seventh street; Edward Giger, Sixth and East street.

On motion duly seconded it was ordered that said pavements be laid within twenty days or same would be laid by the Town with the usual penalty.

Complaint was entered regarding the bridge at the Aqueduct Mills. Mr. Hughes stated in relation to same that Mr. Keiter had told him that if the Town would take down said bridge and level same he would give them gravel to fix the River road from Market street bridge to the Aqueduct bridge and also to fix the Creek road.

Mr. Reimard stated that Mr. Keiter had told him that he would take down bridge and level same if the Town would grade and repair the River road.

Mr. Townsend stated that in his opinion the proposition of Mr. Keiter should be presented in writing.

George W. Keiter, Jr., then stated that he will level bridge and abutments and build a 33-foot culvert providing Town would grade same and that if the Town needed gravel for the work of repairing the River road that he would furnish same gratuitously.

On motion by Mr. Reimard seconded by Messrs. Giger and Wolverton,

[Continued on 8th page 2d Col.]

CENTENNIAL INTEREST GROWS.

Big Meeting in The Court House, Friday Night.

The court house was filled last Friday night at the centennial meeting, a fair proportion of the audience being ladies. The Band discoursed some excellent music and thus helped to draw a big crowd. At 8:30 the meeting was called to order by Mayor Townsend, who said that at the request of the Executive committee Col. John G. Freeze had consented to preside. In taking the chair the Colonel said that he was glad to know that the people of Bloomsburg had decided to celebrate her centennial. During the past hundred years the town has been a remarkably healthy place, there have been no devastating epidemics. He referred to the beauty of the location and the beauty of the town. He also enlarged upon the progress of the town in the last fifty years. No town in northern Pennsylvania has better streets and better pavements. No better school than the Normal can be found anywhere. The industries that have come here have followed the establishment of that school. With all our advantages and privileges it is a fitting thing that we should celebrate the centennial of our town in an appropriate manner.

In the unavoidable absence of J. C. Brown, chairman of the Program Committee, Dr. Welsh of the committee made their report, suggesting the following outline:

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 27TH.

Civic and Industrial Parade.

Floats, Automobiles, Bicycles.

The Governor and his staff will be invited to be present.

Band Contest on Market Square in the evening.

Three or four band stands erected near fountain

Grand Pyrotechnic Display at 9 p. m.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 28TH.

10:30 Firemen's Hose contest.

2:00 Firemen's Parade.

PRIZES.

The following prizes will be offered.

To the best Band	$150 00
To the best uniformed Fire Co	25 00
To Company with most men in line	25 00
Hose Contest, 1st prize	20 00
Hose Contest 2nd prize	10 00
To the best drilled Fire Co	25 00
To the finest appearing Secret or Fraternal organization	20 00
To the best drilled Secret or Fraternal organization	20 00
To the best Float	20 00
To the second best Float	10 00

ARCHES.

It is proposed to erect arches at the following places.

A Court of Honor on North Market Street.
Arch at Town Hall.
Arch at Court House.
Arch at Market Square.
Arch at Fifth and Market.
Arch at Leonard and Main.
Arch at East and Fifth

FIREWORKS.

A grand display of Fireworks will be given on the first night.

HISTORICAL MUSEUM.

A historical museum will be conducted by the members of the Civic Club. All citizens of the town or county who have any articles of historic value, local or general, will be asked to loan them, and the museum will be kept open for a week or more.

CENTENNIAL SERMONS.

The pastors of all the churches will be requested to preach centennial sermons on Sunday, August 24th.

PUBLIC MEETING.

At some time during the celebration a public meeting will be held, at which historical addresses will be delivered, with other appropriate exercises.

COMMITTEES.

As soon as it can be ascertained that sufficient funds can be obtained to carry out this program properly, numerous committees will be appointed for all necessary purposes.

This program is subject to change, and the committee invited suggestions from any present.

The chair then called upon Rev. M. E. McLinn who said that he was pleased with the manner in which the preparation for the celebration has been begun. "Boom" is a good word, but "prepare, push, and persevere" are better. The spectacular part of the program as well as all the rest, must be of the best. We want Bloomsburg benefitted by this centennial. It must leave a permanent and lasting effect on the business of the town, and the spiritual and educational lines must not be forgotten, because without these we would not be where we are today. He appealed to all his hearers to give the movement all the encouragement in their power.

F. B. Hartman was then called upon, as a member of the council who offered the first resolution in the council concerning the centennial. He urged every man, woman and child in town to put their shoulders to the wheel.

In response to a call by the chair Prof. J. K. Miller said that he was heartily in sympathy with the movement.

[Continued on 8th page 3rd Col.]

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

—THE—

Bloomsburg National Bank

At the close of business April 30, 1902.

(IN BUSINESS THIRTY THREE MONTHS)

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Investments	$382,618.71	Capital Stock	$ 60,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures	8,000.00	Surplus and Profits, net	35,748.07
Cash and Reserve.	58,348.02	Circulation	60,000.00
		Due to Banks	610.18
		Individual Deposits	292,608.48
	$448,966.73		$448,966.73

A. Z. SCHOCH, PRESIDENT. WM. H. HIDLAY, CASHIER.

10c. each BABY'S VESTS.—pure white ribbed gauze shirts, open down the front, and with half sleeves. Many times you've bought no better for 15c., now 10c.

25c. each WOMENS' RIBBED VESTS—fine pure white cotton, ribbed gauze vests, V shaped yoke front, trimmed with lace that looks like hand made—lace trimmed arm-sizes, shoulder straps edged on both sides with lace. This is only one of the many styles selling at 25 cents each.

50c. BABY CAPS—The very latest creation, laced down the back and can be opened out flat just like a handkerchief to laundry, fine lawn hemstitched, and plain around the front; hemstitched again and fifteen fine tucks, bottom finished with beading and edge to match, wide strings, not a raw edge inside or out, 50 cents.

R. E. Hartman,

SUCCESSOR TO

I. W. Hartman & Son,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

[READ MY AD ON 5TH PAGE.]

YOU

Can buy a 14 Karat solid Gold Ladies' Watch fitted with a Waltham or Elgin movement for

$15.00

Guaranteed.

At my Jewelry Store.

J. Lee Martin,

Jeweler and Optician.

Come in and look at them.

Telephone 1842.

I Have Moved

Into my own yellow front building, formerly occupied by Ben Gidding's clothing store, and am receiving the following

SPRING GOODS:

—o—

Washing Machines $3.75.

—o—

Get prices on Poultry Wire, and Fence Wire.

—o—

J. G. WELLS,

GENERAL HARDWARE.

THE PANAMA HAT

Will be worn this season by smart dressers who are always on the lookout for "the thing." We have the right shapes in both the genuine Panama and the imitation. If you can tell the difference, you are a good judge of Hats. Come in and see these swell Summer Hats—need'nt buy—just see.

50 cents to $12.00.

Ben Gidding

The Clothier,

Bloomsburg, Penn'a.

—o—

Come in and see us, we'll treat you right.

Five Per Cent. Saved.

We've told you before about our sepcial money saving system. Consider these facts.

It is much more satisfactory than trading stamps. Discount check can be used in buying anything.—Even Sugar.

Plan simple. End of month books are balanced and you given check for 5 per cent. which you can use in any department.

Four hundred well pleased customers are using our discount books. Help us make it an even 1000.

It won't cost you a cent to try the plan.

The Leader Dep't. Store.

Among the theatrical attractions already booked for the Opera House for next season which opens in September are Mildred Holland in the "Lily and the Prince," "The Prisoner of Zehnda," "The Fatal Wedding," "The Last Chance," "Across the Potomac" and "At Valley Forge."

Albert Heckman, of Orangeville, was badly injured at the Bloomsburg Car Manufacturing Co. plant last Thursday afternoon. A heavy piece of rafter struck him on the head inflicting a wound which required four stitches to sew it up. Dr. Redeker attended the injured man.

Isaac Laubach, only brother of our townsman Daniel S. Laubach of East Third street, died at his home in Wilton, North Dakota, April 26. He was born in Columbia county in 1824, and lived at home in Benton township until 1855 when he went west. Five years later he settled in Redfield, Iowa. He enlisted in the 39th Iowa volunteers, and served until the close of the war. Mr. Laubach is survived by a wife and four children.

We haven't heard of a picnic announcement yet. It must be the weather that is keeping back these excursions of pleasure.

SHIRT WAISTS.

Women's waists in many effective designs. Sheer soft delicate fabrics seem to be the rule for the coming styles. Fine linens, dainty batistes and silk mulls are favorites, while mercerized cotton, pique, basket and canvas cloth and percales are still popular.

Women's waists, irresistible in price, quality and exclusiveness. Irresistible not so much in price as in the charm of effects—because of the newest ideas carried out in exclusive styles—waists which when seen worn at once prompts the remark "That must be from the Leader."

Prices from 50 cents to $4.00.

—o—

THE Leader Store Co., Lt'd.

4th and Market Streets.

IT RAINED FIRE.

Terrific Volcanic Eruption In Martinique.

THIRTY THOUSAND DEAD

Reported Destruction of St. Pierre Is Confirmed.

DETAILS OF AWFUL CATASTROPHE

Twelve Survivors Only Remain of More Than 30,000 Dwellers In the Ill Fated Town—Heart-rending Sights.

FORT DE FRANCE, Island of Martinique, May 13.—It now seems to be generally admitted that about 30,000 persons lost their lives as a result of the outbreak of the Mont Pelee volcano at St. Pierre on Thursday last. Careful investigation by competent government officials shows that the earlier reports were accurate.

Briefly put, in ten minutes last Thursday morning the city of St. Pierre disappeared in a whirling fire vomited from Mont Pelee, and 30,000 persons were instantly and horribly killed, and the volcano, which for more than fifty years had been a quiet lake occupying its ancient crater, in which picnic parties bathed, suddenly discharged torrents of fiery mud which rolled toward the sea, sweeping everything before it.

Then the last cable communication was broken, and the doomed city was isolated from the world.

The commander of the French cruiser Suchet gave the American consul at Guadeloupe, Louis H. Ayme, the first news of the appalling disaster the day after it occurred. Mr. Ayme has reached the desolate spot where St. Pierre stood and confirms the awful story in all its essential features.

Twelve survivors only are in the military hospital at Fort de France, while 30,000 corpses are strewn about or buried in the ruins of St. Pierre or else floating, gnawed by sharks, in the surrounding seas. Twenty-eight charred, half dead human beings were brought here. Sixteen of them are already dead, and four others only are expected to recover.

A steamer chartered in Guadeloupe reached Martinique at 6:30 Sunday morning. The lofty hilled island was hidden behind a huge veil of violet or leaden colored haze. Enormous quantities of the wreckage of large and small ships and houses were met with. Huge trees and too often floating bodies, with flocks of sea gulls soaring above and hideous sharks fighting about them, were floating here and there. From behind the volcanic veil came blasts of hot wind mingled with others ice cold.

At Le Precheur, five miles north of St. Pierre, canoes with men and women, frantic to get away, begged for a passage on the steamer.

The whole north end of the island was covered with a silver gray coating of ashes resembling dirty snow. Furious blasts of fire, ashes and mud swept over the steamer, but finally St. Pierre was reached.

The city of St. Pierre stretched nearly two miles along the water front and half a mile back to a cliff at the base of the volcano. The houses of the richer French families were built of stone. The ash covered hills were flanked by the still smoking volcano. The ruins were still burning in many places, and frightful odors of burned flesh filled the air. With great difficulty a landing was effected. Not one house was left intact. Everywhere were viscid heaps of mud, of brighter ashes or piles of volcanic stones.

The streets could hardly be traced. Here and there amid the ruins were heaps of corpses. Almost all the faces were downward. In one corner twenty-two men, women and children were mingled in one awful mass, arms and legs protruding as the hapless beings fell in the last struggle of death's agony.

Through the middle of the old Place Bertin ran a tiny stream, the remains of the river Goyave. Great trees, with roots upward and scorched by fire, were strewn in every direction. Huge blocks and still hot stones were scattered about. From under one large stone the arm of a white woman protruded. Most notable was the utter silence and the awful, overpowering stench from the thousands of dead.

Careful inspection showed that the fiery stream which so completely destroyed St. Pierre must have been composed of poisonous gases, which instantly suffocated every one who inhaled them, and of other gases burning furiously, for nearly all the victims had their hands covering their mouths or were in some other attitude showing that they had sought relief from suffocation. All the bodies were carbonized or roasted.

ST. VINCENT'S DEATH LIST.

The United States government tug Potomac will sail for St. Vincent, where conditions are reported to be worse. La Soufriere, on St. Vincent, was in full eruption May 10. A stream of stone and mud half a mile wide was then issuing from the volcano. Stones two inches in diameter fell twelve miles away. At Kingstown, the capital of the island, the ashes were two inches deep. Seven hundred dead were reported Sunday, May 11. It is estimated that the total number of deaths on St. Vincent reaches 2,000. Most of the victims are said to be Carib Indians. Seven estates on the island have been burned to ashes, and it is authentically reported that two earthquakes occurred there. It is believed the submarine cables in St. Vincent have been broken by the disturbances. The present volcanic eruption on St. Vincent is the first since 1812. The northern section of the island is depopulated.

Provisions are needed here for 100,000 people immediately. A shipload of lime is also needed at St. Pierre for sanitary purposes. The stench there from the dead bodies is overpowering. Mont Pelee is still erupting smoke and fire.

Seismic Disturbances In Aleutians.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 12.—The Alaska Commercial company has received from its agent at Unalaska, Aleutian islands, a letter, dated April 10, giving information of volcanic disturbances in that section. The letter says: "Unalaska has been shaken up by earthquakes lately, and on several occasions the ground was covered with fine ashes from some volcano. Reports reach us from Unimak to the effect that with every westerly wind their village is covered with some kind of ashes, indicating that some western volcano is in action."

Strange Phenomenon In Dominica.

ST. THOMAS, Danish West Indies, May 12.—A dispatch just received here from the island of Dominica, British West Indies, says that a man who has just returned from the boiling lake district of the island went within a hundred yards of the lake and found that the water had disappeared and that from a vent ten feet in diameter in the center was arising a column of steam to a height of thirty feet before spreading into the atmosphere. That district otherwise was apparently unchanged, but the sulphur gases were very strong.

NOVELIST MURDERED.

Paul Ford Shot by Brother, Who Also Kills Himself.

NEW YORK, May 9.—Paul Leicester Ford, the celebrated novelist, was shot and killed in his home at 33 East Seventy-seventh street yesterday afternoon by his brother, Malcolm Webster Ford, the athlete, who then committed suicide.

The brothers had been enemies for eleven years, since the death of their father, Gordon L. Ford of Brooklyn, who left an estate valued at $2,000,000 to all of his children save Malcolm, whom he disinherited because of his connection with athletic sports.

Paul Leicester Ford was one of the best known novelists in the country. His novel, "Janice Meredith," enjoyed a remarkable sale and is still considered a productive piece of property. In its dramatized form it was a great success and was played throughout the country, with Mary Mannering in the star part.

Mr. Ford before his success with "Janice Meredith" turned out a historical novel, "The Hon. Peter Sterling," that was also a great success. He was the author of many other works, several plays and had arranged for the publication of a new novel in the near future.

Because of his physical deformity Mr. Ford was more or less of a hermit. He suffered a great deal, and, considering his handicaps, the amount of work he performed was wonderful. It is said that he had the finest private library in New York packed away in vaults in the old family residence on Brooklyn Heights.

BASEBALL.

Standing of the Clubs In National and American Leagues.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Pittsburg	19	3	.864
Chicago	11	7	.611
New York	12	9	.571
Boston	9	10	.474
Philadelphia	9	11	.450
Brooklyn	9	13	.409
St. Louis	7	13	.350
Cincinnati	7	15	.318

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
St. Louis	10	5	.667
Philadelphia	10	6	.625
Detroit	9	6	.600
Boston	10	7	.588
Chicago	8	8	.500
Baltimore	7	10	.412
Washington	7	11	.389
Cleveland	5	13	.278

More Russian Riots.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 14.—Serious Russian Easter riots have occurred in the province of Kuban, north Caucasia, between Russians and Armenians. The latter were outnumbered and routed. The Russians then stoned the houses of the Armenians and pillaged their shops. The Armenians would undoubtedly have been massacred but for the timely arrival of troops. Many arrests were made.

Son of Late Earl Li Dead.

TOKYO, via Victoria, B. C., May 14.—The death is announced at Peking after a long illness of Marquis Li, the oldest son and heir of the late first marquis, Li Hung Chang, at the age of forty. He died of diphtheria and leaves a son aged twenty-one to inherit the title and vast wealth left by the first marquis. Before inheriting the title the last Marquis Li was known as Li Ching She. It is reported that Field Marshal Marquis Saigo is seriously ill.

President Loubet Off For Russia.

PARIS, May 14.—President Loubet, who is on his way to visit the czar of Russia, left here for Brest last evening from the Depot St. Lazare. He arrived at Brest this morning, and the French cruiser Montcalm, which is to take the president to Russia, will leave that port at 5 o'clock this afternoon.

Aeronaut Killed In Paris.

PARIS, May 12.—The airship belonging to Senhor Augusto Severo, the Brazilian aeronaut, made an ascension this morning. The airship exploded, and Severo and one of his assistants were killed.

WEST INDIAN RELIEF

Government and Citizens Join In the Work.

THE DIXIE LOADING IN SUPPLIES.

President Names Committees to Receive Funds to Alleviate Distress of the Survivors of the Volcanic Upheaval.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—From this point on the war and navy departments have decided to divide the work of West Indian relief between them so as to give the navy full charge of the general subject of transportation and intrust the war department with the accumulation of the supplies.

Of the little fleet of naval colliers which was placed at the disposal of the relief workers by Admiral Bradford, the Leonidas, which is now discharging her cargo of coal at Port Royal, has been selected as the most suitable one to dispatch to Martinique, and orders have gone forward to load her with supplies and get her under way as soon as possible. The question of chartering merchant vessels to carry supplies to the desolate island has now arisen, but will depend upon the extent of the voluntary contributions asked for by the president and upon the further reports of the situation in the island.

A telegram was received from the Dixie saying that she was at pier 15, Brooklyn, loading the supplies of food and clothing which have been so diligently gathered by the army officers in charge of that work. She probably will be able to get under way for Martinique during the day.

Offers of assistance for the Martinique sufferers continue to pour in. Dr. Louis Klopsch, proprietor of The Christian Herald, New York, telegraphed the war department offering to furnish fifty nurses, thirty male and twenty female, and 1,000 barrels of flour for the stricken islands, to be contributed by The Christian Herald.

The president has appointed a committee to receive funds for the relief of the sufferers from the recent catastrophes in Martinique and St. Vincent. The men appointed from each city are asked to collect and receive the funds from their localities and neighborhoods as expeditiously as possible and forward them to Cornelius N. Bliss, treasurer of the New York committee, which committee will act as the central distributing point for the country.

Half a Million Voted.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—An additional appropriation of $300,000 was made by the senate for the stricken people of the French West Indies, in accordance with the recommendation of the president that $500,000 be appropriated. The agricultural appropriation bill was passed, and then Mr. Stewart (Nev.) in supporting the Philippine bill warned the minority that no political gain would accrue to them from their attack on the army.

Chaffee Sends Report.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—General Chaffee has made the following cable report to the war department of the progress of the negotiations with the dattos in Mindanao: "Been here past three days studying situation with Brigadier General George W. Davis. Think two battalions should remain if they can be supplied. Genassi trail very difficult, but another trail promises much better. Think withdrawal from lake would seriously jeopardize safety weaker dattos. Would have given friendly assistance, but believe that if we remain the more powerful dattos will come in when it is apparent our mission is friendly. The lake country is beautiful and more suitable for the occupancy of Americans than any part of archipelago. Elevation, soil, climate perfect, comparing favorably with any valley of the Alleghanies."

Lieutenant Governor Stone Dead.

WATERTOWN, Wis., May 12.—Lieutenant Governor Stone of Wisconsin died here last night after a lingering illness from cancer of the stomach. Mr. Stone spent some time in the south, hoping to get relief, but without avail. On his return he underwent an operation in a Chicago hospital, where the real cause of his trouble was ascertained. After the operation he was removed to his home in Watertown, and death had been expected for several days.

Joe Gans the Champion.

FORT ERIE, Ont., May 13.—Joe Gans, the Baltimore lightweight pugilist, is champion in his class at last, after knocking at the door for the past ten years. Frank Erne lost last night a fight which was a decisive tussel, although of very brief duration. The end came with startling suddenness. The men were scarcely warmed up when Gans, trying cautiously, caught Erne napping and landed the knockout blow.

Dead at the Age of 111.

ST. JOHN, N. B., May 12.—Word has been received here of the death at St. Martins, N. B., of James Ross, who was 111 years old. On the occasion of his one hundred and tenth birthday the municipal council of St. John county presented him with an easy chair.

Well Known School to Close.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., May 9.—The Delaware Literary institute at Franklin, N. Y., one of the oldest educational institutions in the state, has decided to close its doors owing to lack of financial support.

Mrs. Denison Elected President.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., May 9.—Mrs. Dimies T. S. Denison was elected president of the General Federation of Women's Clubs by a ballot vote of 667 to 258 for Mrs. Sarah Platt-Decker.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Notable Events of the Week Briefly and Tersely Told.

The rebels in the Chinese province of Chili were defeated after severe fighting, and their leaders were captured.

Starving Russian peasants are flocking to Moscow by thousands. The winter sowings in Baltic provinces have been damaged by drought and frost.

The final distribution of the Fair estate was ordered by the California court. By it the children of the decedent will receive about $7,000,000 additional.

Tuesday, May 13.

Elias Brewer, chief of the Brewer gypsy tribe, died in Coney Island, N. Y.

Thirteen persons were killed in a landslide at Marola, province of Emilia, Italy.

A combination of steel casting firms was organized at Chester, Pa., with $40,000,000 capital.

The Charleston exposition art awards were made by jury. Many New Yorkers received honors.

Civil war was begun in Haiti over the succession to President Sam. Severe fighting is reported in streets of Port au Prince.

The extensive planing mills, lumber sheds and dry kilns of the Southern States Lumber company at Muscogee, Fla., with about 600,000 feet of lumber, were burned.

Monday, May 12.

President Elect Palma was welcomed to Havana with great enthusiasm.

General C. H. T. Collis of New York died in Bryn Mawr (Pa.) hospital after an operation.

At Paris Tom Linton, the English cyclist, broke the world's record for the distance covered in one hour on a bicycle.

General Chaffee has arrived at Malabang, island of Mindanao, where he was met by General Davis, and started for the interior.

Generals Simon Snyder and William Auman, recently appointed brigadier generals, have been placed on the retired list after forty years' service.

Saturday, May 10.

The president signed the oleomargarine bill.

President Sam of the republic of Haiti has resigned his office.

Wilhelmina was reported much improved and able to sign state papers.

Earthquake shocks were felt at various places on the southeastern coast of Spain.

The Roeblings of Trenton plan to build a million dollar steel mill in East St. Louis.

A heavy snowstorm occurred in the Adirondack region about Lake Saranac, also in the northwest.

Friday, May 9.

Over $10,000,000 worth of gold bearing dirt was ready for washing at Dawson.

A British officer and ten men were killed by a train wreck in the northern Transvaal.

Swan & Finch's oil plant at Elizabethport, N. J., was destroyed by fire; loss, $100,000.

Judge Earle as referee has declared the New York state franchise tax law constitutional.

Thursday, May 8.

Japan's issue of $5,000,000 exchequer bills was coldly received in Yokohama.

The Boer siege of the town of O'okiep, in Cape Colony, was raised by a British force under Colonel Cooper.

The appellate division at Albany unanimously affirmed the conviction of Police Captain Diamond in New York city.

The five masted ship Preussen, said to be the largest sailing ship in the world, was launched at Geestemunde, Prussia.

Preparing For Alfonso's Coronation.

MADRID, May 14.—The streets of this city are assuming gala attire. A large section of the route to be followed by the procession next Saturday, the day of the coronation of King Alfonso, has been hung with festoons of foliage and flowers among which are hidden multicolored electric lamps. Triumphal arches are being constructed along the line of march, but this work is being done in a leisurely manner. Venetian masts from which float banners of the national colors have been erected in the central square at the Puerta del Sol and in the principal thoroughfares. A number of private houses have been tastefully adorned with devices of evergreens. Many foreigners are arriving.

Palma and Wood to Confer.

HAVANA, May 14.—Governor General Wood and President Elect Palma have arranged to hold daily conferences in the palace here until next Saturday. These meetings will take place at 2 o'clock. Governor General Wood, Senor Palma and Gonzalez de Quesada visited the public buildings of Havana. Salvador Cisneros and the president elect were together for two hours.

Frenchmen Mob Barnum's Show.

BEZIERS, France, May 12.—Barnum & Bailey's circus was the cause of a serious riot here. The crowd seeking admission to the performance was greater than the tent could accommodate, and those who were unable to enter began stoning the circus employees, five of whom were injured. One man had his skull fractured and will probably die. The crowd numbered about 7,000.

Queen Wilhelmina Much Better.

THE HAGUE, May 14.—It is announced from Castle Loo that the condition of Queen Wilhelmina continues to improve. It is understood that with the departure of Dr. Roessinghs the bulletins concerning her majesty's health will be discontinued. Messages congratulating her majesty upon her improvement have been received from all the foreign courts.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

ALEXANDER BROTHERS & CO.
DEALERS IN
Cigars, Tobacco Candies, Fruits and Nuts
SOLE AGENTS FOR
Henry Maillard's Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.
PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.
SOLE AGENTS FOR
F. F. Adams & Co's Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco
Sole agents for the following brands of Cigars
Henry Clay, Londres, Normal, Indian Princess, Samson, Silver Ash
Bloomsburg Pa.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF
CARPET, MATTING,
OR OIL CLOTH,
YOU WILL FIND A NICE LINE AT
W. H. BROWER'S
2 Doors above Court House.
A large lot of Window Curtains in stock.

To accommodate those who are partial to the use of atomizers in applying liquids into the nasal passages for catarrhal troubles, the proprietors prepare Cream Balm in liquid form, which will be known as Ely's Liquid Cream Balm. Price, including the spraying tube, is 75c. Druggists or by mail. The liquid form embodies the medicinal properties of the solid preparation. Cream Balm is quickly absorbed by the membrane and does not dry up the secretions, but changes them to a natural and healthy character. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren street, New York.

No, Maude, dear; we should hardly say that a drowned man dies of water on the brain.

An old maid never really becomes fond of cats until she has given up all hope of ever getting a man.

The mother who would be horrified at the thought of letting her daughter wander away to a strange country without guide or counsel, yet permits her to enter that unknown land of womanhood without counsel or caution. Then, in utter ignorance, the maiden must meet physical problems whose solution will affect her whole future life. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has been well named a "God-send to women." It corrects irregularities and imparts such vigorous vitality to the delicate womanly organs, as fits them for their important functions. Many a nervous, hysterical, peevish girl has been changed to a happy young woman after the use of "Favorite Prescription" has established the sound health of the organs peculiarly feminine.

Every woman should own a copy of the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing only. The same book of 1008 pages in substantial cloth for 31 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Blobbs—"Harduppe is a pretty slick proposition, isn't he?" Slobbs—"Slick—Why, I've seen him borrow money from a bill collector."

DO YOUR FEET ACHE and burn, and make you tired all over? Allen's Foot-Ease rests and cools the feet and makes walking easy. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25 cents. 4 24 d4t.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SOME FOOLISH PEOPLE—Allow a cough to run until it gets beyond the reach of medicine. They often say, "Oh, it will wear away," but in most cases it will wear them away. Could they be induced to try the successful medicine called Kemp's Balsam, which is sold on a positive guarantee to cure, they would immediately see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Price 25c. and 50c. Trial size free. At all druggists. 4-1od-4t.

THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.	RETAIL PRICES.
Butter, per pound	$ 28
Eggs, per dozen	14
Lard, per pound	14
Ham, per pound	15
Beef (quarter), per pound	6 to 8
Wheat, per bushel	1 00
Oats, do	65
Rye, do	60
Flour per bbl.	4 40
Hay, per ton	14 00
Potatoes, (new). per bushel	1 10
Turnips, do	40
Tallow, per pound	06
Shoulder, do	10
Side meat, do	12
Vinegar, per qt	05
Dried apples, per pound	06
Cow hides, do	3½
Steer do do	05
Calf skin	80
Sheep pelts	75
Shelled corn, per bushel	85
Corn meal, cwt.	2 00
Bran, cwt.	1 30
Chop, cwt.	1 50
Middlings, cwt.	1 30
Chickens, per pound, new	12
do do old	10
Geese, do	12½
Ducks, do	1
do	08
COAL.	
Number 6, delivered	3 50
do 4 and 5 delivered,	4 40
do 6, at yard.	3 15
do 4 and 5, at yard	4 25

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

AGAINST BEEF TRUST

Attorney General of New York Begins Action.

REFEREE NAMED TO TAKE TESTIMONY

Application Made Under the Donnelly Antitrust Law—Proceedings Being Carefully Guarded Until Subpœnas Are Served.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 14.—Attorney General Davies personally made application to Supreme Justice Chester at his chamber late in the afternoon for the appointment of a referee to take the testimony of certain witnesses in the matter of the so called beef trust preliminary to framing a complaint.

The application was granted, and ex-Justice Landon of Schenectady was appointed referee, and a hearing will be had before the said referee in this city tomorrow.

Governor Odell has been fully advised of the result of the investigation made by the attorney general to date, and the proceedings by the attorney general meet with his entire approval.

Attorney General Davies said that an attache of his office had been dispatched to subpœna the various witnesses upon whose evidence his department intends to prove its case. He declined to make public at present either the names of the firms that he is proceeding against or the men that he intends to call as witnesses.

His application to Judge Chester was made under the provisions of the Donnelly antitrust law, and the department intends to guard all of the particulars of the action until a personal service of the papers in the case has been secured. He stated that eight persons are named in the moving papers and intimated that additional witnesses would be called should it be deemed advisable. The attorney general was accompanied by Judge J. Newton Fiero when he appeared before Justice Chester in his chamber to move the case. The proceedings were secret, and every effort was made to carefully guard against the names of the interested parties leaking out.

The action is entitled, "John C. Davies as attorney general in behalf of the state of New York in the matter of the application to hear and determine."

The action is directed against Arthur Colby, who is believed by the attorney general's department to be the agent of the combine in fixing prices in New York state and vicinity, Swift & Co., Armour & Co. and four other western beef companies.

Action Begun In Chicago.

CHICAGO, May 12.—With the full approval of Attorney General P. C. Knox, representing the national government, District Attorney S. C. Bethea has filed with the clerk of the federal circuit court here a bill for an injunction, sweeping in character, designed to destroy the alleged giant conspiracy to illegally control the meat trade of the United States.

BICYCLE RIDER KILLED.

Archie McEachern Meets With a Fatal Accident.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., May 14.—Archie McEachern, the well known champion bicycle rider of Toronto, while being paced by a motor tandem at the Coliseum track met with an accident which resulted in his death twenty minutes later.

The accident was the result of the breaking of the chain on the motor cycle. Riding the tandem were Alf Boake and Robert B. Thompson, who have raced with McEachern for ten years past. The effort was to establish a new mile record.

Several miles had been covered when the chain broke, and in the sudden slowing up of the damaged tandem McEachern collided with it and shot in the air like a rocket. His head struck against a projecting board which cut a gash in his neck from which blood spurted in a stream. The jugular vein had been torn open. He expired shortly after his removal to a hospital. Boake and Thompson were uninjured.

Bloody Riots In Haiti.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—The secretary of state has received a dispatch from the American minister in Haiti, dated Tuesday, as follows: "The chambers have been closed by a mob. Much firing ensued, and one deputy was mortally wounded. The populace attacked the palace and the arsenal during the night. Several were killed and wounded. The diplomatic corps embarks the president at 12 o'clock today. The minister for foreign affairs and the minister of war have taken refuge at the American legation. Firmin, with his army, is marching on Port au Prince. Great excitement prevails at Port au Prince, and business is suspended for the present."

Ware Succeeds Evans.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Eugene F. Ware of Kansas has taken the oath of office as commissioner of pensions and this morning assumed active charge of his new duties. Mr. Ware has determined, for the present at least, to make no announcement of the policy of his administration of the office. Mr. Evans will not leave for his post as consul general to London for several weeks.

Three New States Favored.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—The opposition in the house to the bill for the admission of Oklahoma, Arizona and New Mexico collapsed at the last minute, and the bill was passed without division as it came from the committee except for a few verbal amendments.

TERRIFIC EXPLOSION

Twenty-five Dead and Hundreds Injured.

FEARFUL ACCIDENT NEAR PITTSBURG

Carloads of Burning Naphtha Spread Death and Destruction Far and Wide—Great Loss of Property.

PITTSBURG, May 14.—A careful and systematic search for the dead and injured in the Sheridan horror reveals a list of 23 dead and 202 injured. The complete list of the injured may never be known, as many were able to get away without making known their identity. A conservative estimate made by those thoroughly familiar with the situation places the number more or less seriously hurt at not less than 300.

The death list will likely be added to, as quite a number of the victims at the hospitals are reported by the physicians to be in such serious condition that it will be a miracle if they survive.

The cause of the catastrophe was the explosion of a train of naphtha cars which were being switched at the yards, and in the switching the rear car telescoped a car forward. The leaking naphtha ignited from a switch light, causing an explosion which threw the flames fifty feet high. Much of the escaping naphtha ran through Cork's Run to Esplen Borough, a distance of one and a half miles, and caused another explosion, blowing to atoms the Seymour hotel and the Collins House, on River road, and badly wrecking a frame building near by in which were congregated 200 or more sports from Pittsburg and vicinity betting on the races, baseball, etc. Few of the occupants of this building escaped injury, many being badly hurt. Mrs. Seymour and her daughter of the Sheraden hotel were seriously and, it is feared, fatally injured.

The damage to property by the explosions and fire were heavy. The loss at the mouth of Cork's Run tunnel alone will probably exceed $100,000. In addition to the heavy loss by the railroad company twenty-five houses were destroyed either by the force of the explosions or by the fire which followed.

THE TIEUP COMPLETE.

Anthracite Workers to a Man Join Big Strike.

PHILADELPHIA, May 13.—Mine workers throughout the entire anthracite coal regions of Pennsylvania to the number of 145,000 have formally begun their struggle for increased wages and shorter hours. Never in the history of hard coal mining has a tieup been so complete, not one of the 357 collieries in the territory being in operation. There is every indication for the belief that the suspension which was to cover only the first three days of this week will be made permanent by the miners' general convention at Hazleton.

The coal companies in various parts of the regions have already made preparations for a siege. Coal train crews, telegraph operators, switchmen, carpenters, machinists and other employees numbering several thousand not identified with the Mine Workers' union have been laid off until further notice. Some of the companies have also brought their mules to the surface and placed them in pasture.

Largest Cargo of Fruit.

NEW YORK, May 14.—The steamer Mexico has just arrived from Havana with the largest cargo of fruit ever brought from Cuba to New York. She has 22,185 barrels of pineapples besides a lot of other fruit.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL.

Closing Stock Quotations.

Money on call firm at 8 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 4½@5 per cent. Sterling exchange easy, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86⅞@4.87⅛ for demand and at $4.84¼@4.84½ for 60 days. Posted rates, $4.85½ and $4.88. Commercial bills, $4.83¾@4.84¼. Bar silver, 51⅜c. Mexican dollars, 41½c. Government bonds steady. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds steady. Closing prices:

Atchison	97¼	N. Y. Central	156¾
C.,C.,C.& St. L.	104¾	Ontario & West.	33
Ches. & Ohio	46⅝	Pacific Mail	39½
People's Gas	101¾	Reading	64½
Del. & Hudson	177¼	Rock Island	174¼
Erie	37½	St. Paul	168⅞
Gen. Electric	319½	Sugar Refinery	127⅝
Lackawanna	275	Texas Pacific	41¾
Lead	20	Union Pacific	104⅜
Louis. & Nash.	142¼	Wabash pref.	44
Manhattan Con.	132¼	West. Union	91½
Missouri Pac.	100⅝		

New York Markets.

FLOUR—Held firmly, but was less active; Minnesota patents, $4@4.20; winter straights, $3.80@3.90; winter extras, $3.15@3.40; winter patents, $3.90@4.20.

WHEAT—Opened up on the crop report and then eased off under realizing and unfavorable late cables; July, 81 7-16@82½c.; September, 79⅞@80½c.

RYE—Firm; state, 62@63c., c. i. f., New York, car lots; No. 2 western, 65½c., f. o. b., afloat.

CORN—Opened stronger with wheat, but also reacted; July, 67½@67⅝c.; September, 66@66¼c.

OATS—Quiet, but firm; track, white, state, 49@55c.; track, white, western, 49@55c.

PORK — Firm; mess, $18@18.50; family, $19.50@20.

LARD — Firm; prime western steam, 10.70c.

BUTTER—Lower, closing steady; state dairy, 20@22c.; creamery, 20½@22½c.

EGGS—Steady; state and Pennsylvania, 17c.; western, at mark, 16¾@17¼c.

SUGAR — Raw irregular; fair refining, 27⅛c.; centrifugal, 96 test, 31½c.; refined steady; crushed, 5.15c.; powdered, 4.75c.

TURPENTINE—Firm at 47½@48c.

RICE—Steady; domestic, 4⅝@6¼c.; Japan, 4¼@5c.

TALLOW — Firm; city, 6⅞c.; country, 6¾@7c.

HAY—Steady; shipping, 55@65c.; good to choice, 87½@95c.

Boston Wool Market.

Trade in the Boston wool market continues quiet. Manufacturers are decidedly indifferent about buying wool, but prices remain firm. The strike in the woolen mills continues to have its effects on the market. Territory wools are very quiet, but firm prices are maintained, and quotations are but little changed. Strictly fine on the scoured basis is quoted at 47@48c; fine and fine medium, 43@46c.; staple, 48@50c., and medium, 37@40c. Fine washed fleeces are very quiet, with the offerings small.

WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, May 12, 1902.

On Monday afternoon Senator Lodge delivered his widely heralded speech in support of his Philippine bill and a more brilliant array of erudite platitudes and panegyrics one seldom hears. It bore every evidence of being the production of the cultured sophist. Assuming, what was not the case, that the democrats had attacked the American army, and totally avoiding the democratic proposition that the cruelty and abuses which had been proven to exist were inseparable from a war of conquest conducted by a superior race, he indulged in a glowing tribute to the army. Referring to the cruelties and tortures practiced, he cited similar atrocities by the Filipinos supporting, by implication, the theory that two wrongs make a right. Democratic charges, that the privileges and franchises of the islands were being farmed out to the favored few as a result of the policy of the administration, he passed over with an eloquent testimonial to the character of the members of the Philippine Commission. Reviewing Mr. Lodge's speech, outside of the sympathetic atmosphere created by the magnetism of the speaker, one is led to deplore the fact that so able a statesman should have been guilty of employing his exceptional talents in an effort to create partisan feeling by gross misrepresentation of the real attitude of his opponents.

* * *

On Tuesday and Wednesday Senators Beveridge and McComas, taking their cue from their leader, made speeches alleged to be in favor of the Philippine bill but apparently with the purpose of creating campaign material which would counteract the presentation of the Philippine situation which has heretofore been made by the democrats. Mr. Lodge tells me that he believes he will be able to dispose of his bill this month and it is understood that Cuban reciprocity will be the next subject considered by the Senate. There is still a determination by the Senate to take up the question of an isthmian canal but it is impossible to say at this date whether the determination will be fulfilled. Several appropriation bills remain for senatorial action with the prospects that they will carry the session into the heated term and already the members of the lower chamber are talking of adjournment.

* * *

Three times within the past week the House of Representatives has learned of the loss by death of one of its members. Hon. Amos J. Cummings of New York, Hon. Peter J. Otey of Virginia and Hon. Joshua S. Salmon of New Jersey all passed over within the short space of five days. Never before in the history of the House has death visited three members within so short a space of time. All three were democrats. As a mark of respect the House adjourned without the transaction of business on Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, and only yesterday did the Omnibus territorial bill come up for action. All of the territorial delegates have assured me of their faith in the success of this measure in so far as the lower house is concerned and all have more or less hope that it will pass the Senate. They have been indefatigable in their efforts to promote the success of the measure and their hard work would seem to deserve success.

* * *

There is reason to believe that the Naval appropriation bill, which will be considered in the House, probably immediately after the passage of the territorial bill, will precipitate a pretty fight. The measure as reported contains a provision that one or more of the new ships to be constructed shall be built under the supervision of the Secretary of the Navy in one of the government navy yards and it is this provision which will occasion a wide difference of opinion in both the House and the Senate. It is generally supposed that the provision will pass the House because it is warmly espoused by the labor organizations who believe that they would profit were the government to build its own ships. In the Senate, however, it will meet with more vigorous opposition. Senator Perkins of California is championing it because he believes the Secretary will select the Mare Island Navy Yard and that will mean not only the construction of a ship at that point but the investment of $175,000, carried by the bill, for the establishment of the necessary plant. The democrats are inclined to favor the provision because they believe it is a blow at the trust which now constructs our naval vessels. Senators Hanna and McMillan, who are stock holders in the trust, are bitterly opposed to it. Senator Hale, Chairman of the Senate Committee on Naval Affairs, will oppose the provision on economic grounds as he does not believe the fund above mentioned would prove nearly adequate to install the necessary machinery, etc.

* * *

The appointment of Henry Clay Evans to the Consul Generalship at London is a matter of keen regret to the republicans, although they say that they will not oppose his confirmation. Senator Burton said yesterday that he did not believe Mr. Evans deserved this recognition and that, irrespective of the facts, he believed it to be a mistake for the republicans to honor a man who had incurred, whether justly or unjustly, the universal condemnation of the soldiers. On the other hand, he said, he appreciated that there were many people who believed that Mr. Evans had been sacrificed to popular clamor and that his entire removal from public service would be misconstrued by many good men. Considering the fact that the President has given Mr. Evans' former place to a Kansas soldier Senator Burton will present no opposition to Evans' confirmation. The Senator apparently fails to realize that practically any man who fills the position of Pension Commissioner and administers the office with absolute rectitude will incur more or less enmity and particularly from the pension attorneys.

The County Treasurer's sale of seated and unseated lands will take place on Monday, June 9, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

Dr. Humphreys.

After fifty years Dr. Humphreys' Specifics enjoy the greatest popularity and largest sale in their history, due to intrinsic merit. **They cure the sick.**

NO.	CURES.	PRICES.
1	Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations.	.25
2	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic...	.25
3	Teething, Colic, Crying, Wakefulness	.25
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults	.25
7	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache	.25
9	Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo	.25
10	Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach.	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods	.25
12	Whites, Too Profuse Periods	.25
13	Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains	.25
16	Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague	.25
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.25
20	Whooping-Cough	.25
27	Kidney Diseases	.25
28	Nervous Debility	1.00
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed	.25
77	Grip, Hay Fever	.25

Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price.

☞ Dr. Humphreys' New Pocket Manual of all Diseases mailed free.

Humphreys' Medicine Co. Cor. William and John Sts., New York.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

LACKAWANNA RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

In effect Jan. 26, 1902.

STATIONS.	EAST. A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
NORTHUMBERLAND	6 35	1.50	10 00	5 30
Cameron	6 47	‖2 41		5 41
Danville	6 57	2 11	10 19	5 51
Catawissa	7 11	2 24	10 34	6 05
Rupert	7 16	2 29	10 37	6 10
Bloomsburg	7 22	2 34	10 43	6 14
Espy	7 38	2 40	10 48	6 21
Lime Ridge	7 35	‖2 46	‖10 54	‖6 27
Willow Grove	17 40	‖2 51		
Briarcreek	7 44	‖2 58		6 34
Berwick	7 50	2 58	11 05	6 41
Beach Haven	7 58	3 03	‖11 10	6 47
Hick's Ferry	8 07	3 09	‖11 15	6 53
Shickshinny	8 17	3 20	11 29	7 06
Hunlock's	8 27	3 31		7 17
Nanticoke	8 34	3 38	11 43	7 21
Avondale	8 37	3 42		
Plymouth	8 41	3 47	11 51	7 31
Plymouth Junction	8 47	3 52		
Kingston	8 55	4 00	11 59	7 40
Bennett	8 58	4 03	12 02	7 45
Forty Fort		4 07		5 10
Wyoming	9 05	4 12	12 08	7 52
West Pittston	9 10	4 17		7 56
Susquehanna Ave	9 13	4 20	12 14	7 59
Pittston	9 19	4 24	12 17	8 03
Duryea	9 23	4 29		8 07
Lackawanna	9 26	4 32		8 10
Taylor	9 32	4 40		8 18
Bellevue	9 37	4 45		
SCRANTON	9 42	4 50	12 35	8 25

STATIONS.	WEST. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
SCRANTON	6 35	‖10 05	1 55	6 10	10
Bellevue	6 39				
Taylor	6 43	10 15	2 03	6 19	
Lackawanna	7 48	10 23	2 10	6 26	
Duryea	6 53	10 26	2 13	6 29	
Pittston	6 57	10 31	2 17	6 33	
Susquehanna Ave	7 00	10 33	2 19	6 36	
West Pittston	7 03	10 35	2 23	6 39	
Wyoming	7 08	10 40	2 27	6 44	
Forty Fort			2 31		
Bennett	7 15	10 49	2 34	6 50	
Kingston	7 21	10 54	2 40	6 55	
Plymouth	7 30	11 03	2 49	7 03	
Avondale	7 35		2 54		
Nanticoke	7 39	11 11	2 58	7 12	
Hunlock's	7 45	11 17	3 06	7 17	
Shickshinny	7 55	11 29	3 20	7 31	
Hick's Ferry	8 07	‖11 43	3 30	‖7 41	
Beach Haven	8 13	11 48	3 37	7 48	
Berwick	8 19	11 54	3 44	7 53	
Briarcreek	‖8 23		‖3 50		
Willow Grove	‖8 27		‖3 54	‖8 03	
Lime Ridge	8 31	‖12 09	3 58	‖8 07	
Espy	8 37	12 15	4 06	8 12	
Bloomsburg	8 44	12 22	4 12	8 17	
Rupert	8 49	12 27	4 17	8 21	
Catawissa	8 54	12 32	4 22	8 25	
Danville	9 00	12 37	4 35	8 40	
Cauliasky			‖4 42		
Cameron	9 21	12 57	4 44		
NORTHUMBERLAND	9 35	1 10	5 00	9 05	
	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	

‡ Runs daily. ‖ Flag station.

A. C. SALISBURY, Supt. T. W. LEE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

SOUTH.— ARRIVE.	B. & S. R. R.			STATIONS.	—NORTH LEAVE		
a.m	a.m.	p.m	p.m.		a.m	p.m	p.m
7.10	12.10	6.00	2.15	Ricorestu'g	8.50	2.27	6.25
7.08	12.08	5.55	2.10	" P. & R	8.52	2.29	6.27
7.03	12.02	5.53	2.05	" Main st.	8.55	2.42	6.30
7.53	11.53	5.42	1.50	Paper Mill	9.05	2.52	6.40
6.50	11.50	5.39	1.45	Light st.	9.08	2.55	6.44
6.40	11.42	5.31	1.30	Orangeville	9.16	3.03	6.53
6.29	11.31	5.21	1.00	Forks	9.26	3.13	7.03
6.25	11.29	5.17	12.53	Zaner's	9.30	3.17	7.07
6.14	11.21	5.08	12.45	Stillwater	9.38	3.25	7.15
6.08	11.13	5.00	12.38	Penton	9.46	3.33	7.23
6.04	11.09	4.56	12.10	Edson's	9.50	3.37	7.27
6.02	11.06	4.53	12.05	Cole's Cr'k	9.53	3.40	7.31
5.53	11.02	4.48	11.53	Laubach	9.58	3.45	7.41
5.43	10.51	4.38	11.45	Central	10 05	3.52	7.51
5.40	10.48	4.35	11.30	Jam. City	10.08	3.55	7.56
am	am	p m	p m		a m	p m	p m
LEAVE	Corrected to Jan. 30, 1902.						ARRIVE

Blood.

We live by our blood, and on it. We thrive or starve, as our blood is rich or poor.

There is nothing else to live on or by.

When strength is full and spirits high, we are being refreshed, bone muscle and brain, in body and mind, with continual flow of rich blood.

This is health.

When weak, in low spirits, no cheer, no spring, when rest is not rest and sleep is not sleep, we are starved; our blood is poor; there is little nutriment in it.

Back of the blood, is food, to keep the blood rich. When it fails, take Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil. It sets the whole body going again—man woman and child.

If you have not tried it, send for free sample, its agreeable taste will surprise you.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists
409-415 Pearl Street, New York.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Time Table in effect Nov. 24, 1901

	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Scranton (D & H) lv	‖ 6 45	‖ 9 38	‖ 2 18	‖ 4 27
Pittston " "	7 08	‖10 00	‖ 2 42	4 52
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Wilkesbarre lv	‖ 7 25	‖10 35	‖ 2 45	‖ 6 00
Plym'th Ferry "	‖ 7 32	‖10 42	‖ 2 52	‖ 6 07
Nanticoke "	7 42	10 50	3 01	6 17
Mocanaqua "	8 01	11 07	3 20	6 37
Wapwallopen "	8 12	11 16	3 31	6 47
Nescopeck ar	8 18	11 26	3 42	7 00
	A. M.		A. M.	
Pottsville lv	‖ 5 50		11 55	2 45
Hazleton "	7 05		12 55	3 00
Tomhicken "	7 22		1 11	3 15
Fern Glen "	7 29		1 18	3 22
Rock Glen "	7 35			
Nescopeck ar	8 02		1 45	
Catawissa				4 00
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Nescopeck lv	‖ 8 18	‖11 26	‖ 3 42	‖ 7 00
Creasy "	8 30	11 36	3 52	7 08
Espy Ferry "	‖ 8 42	11 46	‖ 4 02	7 20
E. Bloomsburg "	8 47	11 50	4 06	7 25
		P. M.		
Catawissa ar	8 55	11 57	4 13	7 32
Catawissa lv	8 55	11 57	4 14	7 32
S. Danville "	9 14	12 15	4 31	7 51
Sunbury "	9 35	12 40	4 55	8 15
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Sunbury lv	‖ 9 42	‖ 1 24	‖ 5 10	‖ 9 45
Lewisburg ar	10 13	1 45	5 40	
Milton "	10 08	1 39	5 35	10 07
Williamsport "	11 00	1 41	6 30	10 55
Lock Haven "	11 59	2 20	7 28	
Renovo "	A. M.	3 00	8 30	
Sabula "		8 25		
	P. M.	P. M.		
Lock Haven lv	‖12 10	‖3 45		
Bellefonte ar	1 35	4 44		
Tyrone "	2 20	6 00		
Philipsburg "	4 35	8 02		
Clearfield "	5 25	8 48		
Pittsburg "	6 55	‖10 45		
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Sunbury lv	‖ 9 50	‖ 1 55	‖ 5 20	‖ 8 31
Harrisburg ar	‖11 30	3 15	6 50	‖10 10
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Philadelphia ar	‖ 3 17	6 23	‖10 20	‖ 4 25
Baltimore "	3 11	6 00	‖ 9 45	2 30
Washington "	4 10	7 15	‖10 55	4 05
	A. M.	P. M.		
Sunbury lv	‖10 00	‖ 2 15		
	P. M.			
Lewistown Jc ar	11 45	‖ 4 05		
Pittsburg "	‖ 6 55	‖10 45		
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Harrisburg lv	‖11 45	15 00	‖ 7 15	‖10 25
		A. M.	A. M.	A. M.
Pittsburg ar	‖ 6 55	11 50	‖ 1 50	‖ 5 30

‖ Weekdays. Daily. † Flag station

	F. M.	p. m	a. m.	a. m
Pittsburg lv	‖ 7 10	‖ 9 00	‖ 3 00	‖ 8 00
	A. M.	A. M.		P. M.
Harrisburg ar	‖ 2 00	‖ 4 20	‖ 9 30	‖ 3 10
		a. m.	p. m.	a. m.
Pittsburg lv				‖ 8 00
				P. M.
Lewistown Jc. "		† 7 30		‖ 3 00
Sunbury ar		† 9 20		† 4 50
	p. m.	A. M.	A. M.	a. m
Washington lv	‖10 40		† 7 50	‖10 50
Baltimore "	‖11 41	‖ 4 40	† 8 37	‖11 45
Philadelphia "	‖11 20	‖ 4 25	‖ 8 30	‖11 40
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Harrisburg lv	‖ 3 35	‖ 7 55	‖11 40	‖ 3 20
Sunbury ar	‖ 5 05	‖ 9 36	1 10	‖ 5 05
	P. M.		A. M.	A. M
Pittsburg lv	‖12 45		‖ 3 00	‖ 8 00
Clearfield "	3 50			9 28
Philipsburg "	4 40			10 12
Tyrone "	7 00		‖ 8 10	‖ 2 25
Bellefonte "	8 16		9 32	1 05
Lock Haven ar	9 15		10 30	2 10
	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Erie lv	‖ 5 35			
Kane "	8 45		‖ 5 00	
Renovo "	11 50	† 6 45	10 30	
Lock Haven "	12 38	† 7 35	11 25	‖ 3 00
			P. M.	
Williamsport "	2 29		‖12 40	4 00
Milton "	2 22		9 19	3 47
Lewisburg "			9 05	1 15	4 42
Sunbury ar	3 23		9 46	1 55	5 16
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M
Sunbury lv	‖6 45	‖ 9 55	† 2 00	† 5 25
S. Danville "	7 11	10 17	2 21	5 50
Catawissa "	7 32	10 35	2 36	6 08
E. Bloomsburg "	7 37	10 42	2 43	6 15
Espy Ferry "	7 42	‖10 47		‖ 6 19
Creasy "	7 53	10 56	2 55	6 30
Nescopeck ar	8 03	11 05	3 05	6 40
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M
Nescopeck lv	‖ 8 02	‖11 05	† 3 05	† 6 40
Wapwallopen ar	8 19	11 20	3 20	7 52
Mocanaqua "	8 31	11 32	3 30	7 01
Nanticoke "	8 53	11 54	3 49	7 19
		P. M.		
Plym'th Ferry "	9 03	12 02	3 57	7 28
Wilkesbarre "	9 10	12 10	4 05	8 35
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M
Pittston (D & H) ar	† 9 39	‖12 55	† 4 56	† 8 36
Scranton " "	10 08	1 24	5 24	9 05

† Weekdays. ‖ Daily. ‡ Flag station.

Pullman Parlor and Sleeping Cars run on through trains between Sunbury, Williamsport and Erie, between Sunbury and Philadelphia and Washington and between Harrisburg, Pittsburg and the west.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, Gen'l. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILROAD.

In effect March 1, 1902.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays 7.10 11.30 a. m.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.10 a. m., 3.55 p m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7.10 a. m. 3.36.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.10, 8.38, 11.30 a. m. 12.20, 5.00 6.30, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.10, 8.38 11.30 a. m., 12.20 3.36, 5.00, 6.30, p. m.

For Baltimore, Washington and the West via B. & O. R. R., through trains leave Reading Terminal, Philadelphia, 3.20, 7.55, 11.26 a. m., 7.27, p. m. Sundays 3.20, 7.55 11.26 a. m 3.46, 7.27, p. m. Additional trains from 24 and Chestnut street station, weekdays, 1.35, 4, 8.23 p. m. Sundays, 1.35, 8.23 p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG.

Leave New York via Philadelphia 7.30 a m., and via Easton 9.10 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.21 a. m.

Leave Reading 12.15 p. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.30 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.49 p. m.,

Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.13 a m, 5.42 p m.

Leave Catawissa weekdays, 7.00, 8.28 9.10 a. m 1.30 3.36, 6.08 p. m.

Leave Rupert, weekdays, 7.08, 8.28, 9.18 11.36 a. m., 1.38, 3.46, 6.21.

ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION.

Leave Philadelphia, Chestnut Street wharf and South Street wharf.

For ATLANTIC CITY — Weekdays. — Express, 9.00, 10.45 a. m., (1.00 Saturday only.) 2.00, 4.00, 5.00, 7.15 p. m. Accommodation, 8.00 a. m., 5.15 p. m. Sundays—Express, 9.00, 10.00 a. m., 7.15 p. m. Accommodation, 8.00 a m., 5.00 p. m.

Leave ATLANTIC CITY, Weekdays—Express, 7.30, 9.00, 10.15 a. m., 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 p. m. Accommodation, 6.25 a. m., 3.50 p. m.

Sundays—Express, 10.15 a. m., 4.30, 7.30, p m., Accommodation, 7.15 a. m., 4.05 p. m.

Parlor cars on all express trains.

LEAVE PHILADELPHIA.

For CAPE MAY—Weekdays—8.45, a. m., 4.15 p. m. Sundays, Chestnut st., 8.45 a. m. South St., 8.30 a. m

NEW YORK AND ATLANTIC CITY EXPRESS. Leaves NEW YORK (Liberty Street) 9.40 a. m. 8.40 p. m

Leaves ATLANTIC CITY, 8.30 a. m., 2.15 p. m.

Detailed time tables at ticket offices.

W. A. GARRETT, Gen'l Supt. EDSON J. WEEKS, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

Beagle Studio!

Prompt attention given to all

Photographic Work.

Crayons, Framing, Copying and Bromide Enlargements. Made at Short Notice.

The Beagle Studio,

MAIN AND CENTRE STS.

You can save money on Pianos and Organs. You will always find the largest stock, best makes and lowest prices.

PIANOS. From $175.00 and Upwards.

ORGANS, From $50.00 and Upward

We sell on the installment plan. Piano $25.00 down and $10.00 per month. Organs, $10.00 down, $5.00 per month. Liberal discount for cash. Sheet music, at one half price. Musical merchandise of all kinds.

We handle Genuine Singer High Arm

SEWING MACHINES

$5.00 down and $3.00 per month. We also handle the **Demorest Sewing Machine**, from $19.50 and upwards. Sewing Machine Needles and Oil for all makes of Sewing Machines. Best made of

WASH MACHINES

FROM $4.00 UP TO 9.00.

J. SALTZER.

Music Rooms—No. 115 W. Main street below Market, Bloomsburg, Pa.

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Having just received a new, large camera and lense, of celebrated make, we CAN FURNISH you with the largest DIRECT PORTRAIT and GROUPE PHOTOGRAPHS made in Columbia County. We STRIVE continually TO PRODUCE the BEST in photography, and would be pleased to have you call and examine our work.

Capwell's Studio,

(Over Hartman's Store)
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

We promptly obtain U. S. and Foreign

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Send model, sketch or photo of inv

First National Bank,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

R. W. M. LOW, - - - - - - - - - - PRESIDENT
J. M. STAVER, - - - - - - - - - VICE PRES'T
E. B. TUSTIN, - - - - - - - - - CASHIER
R. F. CARPENTER, - - - - - - - ASST. CASHIER

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, - - $190,000.

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IN BURGLAR AND FIRE-PROOF VAULTS.

THE COLUMBIAN.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

THE COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT,

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,
At Bloomsburg, the County Seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

GEO. E. ELWELL, EDITOR.
D. J. TASKER, LOCAL EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

TERMS:—Inside the county $1.00 a year in advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance. Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in Advance.

All communications should be addressed THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, MAY 15 1902.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR STATE SENATOR,
J. HENRY COCHRAN,
of Lycoming Co.
Subject to the decision of the Senatorial Conferrees of the 24th District.

FOR CONGRESS,
ANDREW L. FRITZ,
of Bloomsburg.
Subject to the decision of the Congressional Conferrees of the 17th District.

[The following announcements are subject to the decision of the Democratic party of Columbia County:]

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
J. C. RUTTER, JR.,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
J. B. QUICK,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY AUDITOR,
GEO. H. SHARPLESS,
of Catawissa.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
(South Side)
WILLIAM H. FISHER,
of Main Twp.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
JOHN S. MENSCH,
of Montour Township.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
(North Side)
GEO. W. STERNER,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
CLEM R. WEISS,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
WILLIAM BOGERT,
of Scott Twp.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
A. B. CROOP,
of Briarcreek Twp.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
ALEXANDER KNOUSE,
of Jackson Twp.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
WILLIAM KRICKBAUM,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
C. A. SMALL,
of Catawissa.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
HON. FRED. IKELER,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
HON. WILLIAM T. CREASY,
of Catawissa Township.

FOR PROTHONOTARY AND CLERK OF THE COURTS,
C. M. TERWILLIGER,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR PROTHONOTARY AND CLERK OF THE COURTS,
R. R. ZARR,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR PROTHONOTARY AND CLERK OF THE COURTS,
JOHN K. MILLER,
of Bloomsburg.

PRIMARY ELECTION CALL.

Notice is hereby given to the Democratic Voters of Columbia county that the Primary Election for the purpose of voting to place in nomination, the following candidates, to wit:

One person for Congress, 16th Congressional District.
One person for Congress, 16th Congressional District, short term.
One person for Associate Judge.
One person for State Senator, 24th District.
Two persons for members of the State House of Representatives.
Two persons for County Commissioner.
Two persons for County Auditor.
One person for Prothonotary and Clerk of the Courts.
One person for Register and Recorder.
One person for District Attorney.
One person for Mine Inspector.
One person for County Treasurer.

Three persons for Delegates to the State Convention, will be held at the regular polling places (or if such places cannot be obtained then at a place in said district convenient to the regular polling place, which shall be determined by the members of the Standing Committee and the election board of such district where the regular polling place cannot be obtained) on Saturday, June 7, 1902, between the hours of 3 and 7 o'clock p. m. and the County Convention will be held in the Opera House in Bloomsburg, Tuesday, June 10th, 1902, at 11 o'clock a. m.

This call is issued in accordance with Article 3, Section 10, of the Democratic Rules of Columbia County.

CHRISTIAN A. SMALL,
County Chairman.

WILSON A. EVERT,
J. K. SHARPLESS,
Secretaries.

Catawissa, Pa., May 5, 1902. 4t

REGISTRATION OF CANDIDATES.

Candidates registered for the Democratic Primary Election to be held June 7, 1902, between the hours of 3 and 7 o'clock p. m.

For State Senator.
J. Henry Cochran.
For Congress, Long Term.
A. L. Fritz.
For Congress, Short Term.
Alexander Billmeyer.
Mine Inspector.
Martin Kelley.
Prothonotary and Clerk of the Courts.
R. R. Zarr, J. K. Miller,
Charles M. Terwilliger.
Register and Recorder.
John C. Rutter, Jr.
District Attorney.
Christian A. Small, Clem Weiss.
Associate Judge.
William Krickbaum,
Alexander Knouse.
County Commissioner.
Geo. W. Sterner, Wm. H. Fisher,
William H. Bogart.
County Auditor.
C. A. Gable, George H. Sharpless,
C. F. Derr, Robert McBride.
State Representative.
Hon. Fred T. Ikeler,
Hon. W. T. Creasy.
County Treasurer.
A. B. Croop, John S. Mensch.
Delegates to State Convention.
E. J. Flynn, Col A. D. Seeley,
C. B. Ent, Wm. Waltersheid,
Dr. T. C. Harter, M. W. Brennan.
CHRISTIAN A. SMALL,
County Chairman.
J. K. SHARPLESS,
W. A. EVERT,
Secretaries.

The Leader Store Co. Ltd. will roof over the open lot on 4th Street for the wagon shed and use their present wagon shed for storage of flour and other heavy grocery supplies. Their present quarters are very much crowded.

COLUMBIA COUNTY'S TURN FOR CONGRESS.

This Congressional District was formed 14 years ago and by rotation Columbia county is now entitled to the Democratic Candidate. In 1888 the nomination was conceded to Columbia county and Senator Buckalew received the nomination and was elected for his first term in this District. He was a candidate for his second term and was defeated for the nomination, the first time by Senator Wolverton, but he was afterwards nominated for his second term and defeated at the polls. Northumberland county by rolling up a large Republican Majority gave this District to a Republican Congressman for four years. So that Northumberland was represented in Congress eight years from 1890 to 1898, the first four years by Senator Wolverton a Democrat, and the next four by Mr. Kulp a Republican. In 1898 and in 1900 Montour's late popular Congressman was elected. Between Northumberland and Columbia we cannot go back more than fourteen years, as previous to that time Northumberland belonged to another district, and had nothing whatever to do with the nomination and election of a Congressman for this district.

As Sullivan and Montour are not claiming the nomination, all who take a fair and unbiased view of the situation say that the present nomination belongs to Columbia. In 1898 Mr. Fritz carried Columbia and gave his conferrees to Mr. Polk and afterwards stumped this county and assisted largely in redeeming the District from the Republican ranks where it had been the four previous years. In 1900 Columbia gave Mr. Polk the conferrees without opposition, after which this great Democratic stronghold rolled up a second time a large majority at the general election for our late esteemed Congressman. The voters of Montour county will no doubt take into consideration what Columbia county has done for her during the past four years and concede the nomination to Columbia where it belongs by rotation.

With Mr. Fritz as a candidate Columbia county will give a majority of about three thousand votes.

EXTRACTS FROM SPEECHES MADE BY HON. ANDREW L. FRITZ CANDIDATE FOR CONGRESS, WHILE HE WAS A MEMBER OF THE LEGISLATURE.

During Mr. Fritz's legislative career he made a large number of speeches in the House of Representatives which will show that he looked closely after the interests of his constituents. When the bill providing for the equalization of taxation was before the House in 1887, which is as applicable now as then, he made a lengthy speech from which we quote the following:

"The equalization of taxation between all classes of persons and all classes of property is a subject worthy of the consideration of this House. Session after session of the Legislature, petitions and memorials have been presented from all parts of the State, and perhaps more requests have been made by the people of this Commonwealth for a change in our system of taxation than for any other object. The farmers and real estate owners in my section of the State are almost unanimously in favor of some measure that will more equally divide the burdens of taxation. There is no subject before the legislature that more directly and deeply interests the people than taxation. It cannot be denied that many inequalities exist. The burden of local taxation for county, school, poor and road purposes falls almost entirely upon real estate. The corporations, the farmer, the mechanic, the laborer, and all other classes of citizens should be put upon an equal footing. Shall we throw the arms of protection around the corporations and the wealthy moneyed men who constitute only a small portion of the citizens and not heed the wishes of all other classes? It is our duty to pass laws not for one particular class of men, but in the interests of the whole people. Unequal taxation and other discriminations have greatly depreciated the value of the farm land and real estate in general in this Commonwealth. There is a class of tax payers that these burdens fall heavily upon—more heavily than any other in the State, I mean the farmers and real estate owners. According to the Constitution of the State, 'All taxes shall be uniform on the same class of subjects'. The burdens of taxation should be equalized on all classes of persons and all classes of property. The rich and the poor should be taxed according to the valuation of their property. The capital of the farmer and the real estate owner is taxed four or five times as much as the capital of corporations. This is certainly an unwarrantable and unjust discrimination oppressive to real estate, and contrary to the spirit of the Constitution and natural equity. It should seem if any distinction were made it would be in favor of that form of capital that is most productive in favor of the hard working laboring classes of this Commonwealth. The farm lands and real estate in general are suffering today from the onerous burdens of taxation, and the cry for its relief comes to us from a class in the community whose appeals should be carefully considered—the owners of houes and the tillers of the soil. The irregularity is too great against the majority of the taxpayers in this Commonwealth—the farmers and laborers—and a change must come sooner or later."

Mr. Fritz offered the first amendment ever made in the House of Representatives to increase the appropriation to the public schools from the least sum fixed by the Constitution, so that the corporations should pay a portion of the public school expenses. In a speech at that time he said among other things, "I think the State fund will admit of this change, if not we should cut down the expenses somewhere else and not forget the one million children of this state."

Mr. Fritz also made a large number of speeches in the House against the creation of new offices and the increase of salaries.

Lost Hair

"My hair came out by the handful, and the gray hairs began to creep in. I tried Ayer's Hair Vigor, and it stopped the hair from coming out and restored the color."—Mrs. M. D. Gray, No. Salem, Mass.

There's a pleasure in offering such a preparation as Ayer's Hair Vigor. It gives to all who use it such satisfaction. The hair becomes thicker, longer, softer, and more glossy. And you feel so secure in using such an old and reliable preparation. $1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

It looks as if the Democrats of Montour County would side with Columbia and support Andrew L. Fritz, of the latter county, for the congressional nomination in the Columbia-Montour-Northumberland-Sullivan district. If they do so it will depend upon Sullivan whether Mr. Fritz is nominated or whether a deadlock occur between him and Charles H. Dickerman, who is presented by Northumberland. Sullivan has no candidate of its own. The district is one in which a Democrat is pretty certain to be elected, unless the nomination is brought about in a way to divide the party vote.—Philadelphia *Press.*

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

We this week announce the name of Christian A. Small, of Catawissa, as a candidate for the office of District Attorney. Mr. Small is one of the younger members of the bar who has won dististinction in his chosen profession and a lucrative practice by hard work.

He has been a lifelong Democrat was born and reared on a farm. During the past six years he has been engaged as counsel in most of the important litigation in the Columbia County Courts and has during the past three years held the responsible position as County Chairman of the Democratic Party.

During this time the Democratic majorities have continued to increase until the last year the majority was greater than the Republican vote.

The Democratic Party will say to him this year you are entitled to this nomination and it elected to this responsible position we are confident that the duty of the District Attorney's Office in this county will be carried out to the letter.

We wish him success.

The American, May 10, 1902.

Appointed Cashier.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the First National Bank on Monday, E. B. Tustin resigned as cashier, and was elected acting vice president. Eugene F. Carpenter, who has filled the position of assistant cashier for several years past, was elected Cashier. This promotion of Mr. Carpenter is a well merited one, and his rapid advancement in the bank from clerk to cashier has been quite unusual. The bank will still have the benefit of the long experience of Mr. Tustin. J. M. Staver, the retiring vice president, desired to be relieved, and it is rumored that he contemplates an ocean voyage.

TOWNSEND'S
SPRING CLOTHING.
A Chance to Change

Copyright 1901, Crouse & Brandegee, Utica, New York.

your old-fashioned suit ought to be taken up.

You won't delay long if you see the style we show in our

New Bell Sack Suits

from the factory of Crouse & Brandegee, Manufacturing Tailors, Utica, New York.

We put them in stock because they represent ideal fashion for stylish young men.

They have the jaunty military cut, the individuality in design and the fit that the discriminating man insists upon having.

You won't want one unless you are a stylish dresser. If you are, you are going to have one.

For Sale Only at
TOWNSEND'S
The Popular Clothier.

Time to Make Hay.

Hay making time is when the sun shines. The selling time for anything is when people want it. Having a Dry Goods Want is one thing, knowing where to satisfactorily fill that want is another. This store's advertising tells you that your wants may be filled here. The truth of the statement you must test for yourself. If not true, then we lose a business friend, and our policy is to make business friends, not lose them. The success of a store is measured by the loyalty of the buying public to which it caters.

NOW FOR THE HAY.

A BEDDING SALE.

Meaning a sale of sheets, pillow slips and bed spreads.

We quote you on items of each as being representatives of the exceptional value offered.

9-4 Bleached Sheets made of Pepperal sheeting, 50 cents.

42x38 Pillow Cases 12½ cents.

Bed spreads 98c., these are hemmed, full size and a good weight.

WASH GOODS.

We put on sale this morning 50 pieces of figured dotted swiss. We have sold them fast all season at 15c., but this lot we make the price 11c.

READY TO WEAR GARMENTS.

No busier section in the store just now. Made so by the big reduction we have made on suits.

$12.00 and $12.75 Suits reduced to $8 98.

$11.50 and $12.00 Suits reduced to $9.98.

LAWN CAPS FOR THE BABIES.

They will get soiled, but we can sell you one that you can wash and it will be as nice as new. Price 50c. to $1.75.

ITEMS OF MEN'S WEAR.

The right kind of items and exploited at the right time. Prices should tempt you to at least look. Your good taste and sense of economy will do the rest.

Men's Madras Shirts 50c.

Men's Overalls with or without bibs 50c.

Men's Heavy Shoes 1.15 to 2.50.

Men's Dress Shoes 1.39 to 5.00.

Men's all wool pants for 1.98.

WOOL DRESS G ODS.

The selling of Dress Goods bears out the prediction that this season will top all previous seasons. Our assortment was never better.

38in Venetian cloths at 50c.

50in Venetian cloths at 85c.

Prunella Dress Goods 42in wide at 1.00.

Crepe Melrose 45in all colors at 85c.

FURNITURE.

If you need furniture come to this store and have us prove to you that we can save you money if you buy here.

See the Rocker at $1.08.

A lot of Imported Potatoes that will be good for seed at $1.10.

F. P. PURSEL.

FOR RENT.—Cheap house—7 rooms, heated with steam, on reservoir hill. WM. CHRISMAN.

Mrs. Anna Freas died at the home of her brother John Chrisman on Tuesday. The deceased was the widow of the late Frank P. Freas and resided in Briarcreek twp. She had been a long sufferer from heart disease and dropsy. Funeral services will be held tomorrow morning at ten o'clock, after which the remains will be interred in the Pine Grove Cemetery.

Oliver P. Pursel, formerly a resident of Mansfield, Ohio, but lately residing in Orangeville and Bloomsburg, died of consumption at the City Hospital, WilkesBarre, Tuesday morning at the age of forty-six years. He had prior to being admitted to the hospital, made his home with G. S. Hall, and moved here with the family from Orangeville in February. He is survived by five sisters, and one brother, all residents of Ohio.

"MONARCH PATS."

Great Shoes, In Every Leather.

The Patent Leather Shoe That Won't Break Thro'.

Try a pair. We have the exclusive sale.

W. C. McKINNEY, 8 E. Main St.

The Farmers National Bank

Bloomsburg, Pa.

Condition at close of business April 30, 1902.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Investments		$ 410,632.74
Due from Banks		14,311.67
Cash and Reserve		69,248.76
		$ 494,193.17

LIABILITIES.

Capital		$ 60,000.00
Surplus and Earned Profits		55,111.61
Circulation		60,000.00
Deposits.		
Banks	$15,484.56	
Individual	303,597.00	319,081.56
		$494,193.17

WM. S. MOYER, PRESIDENT. A. H. BLOOM, CASHIER.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, MAY 15, 1902

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa. as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

The Endless Chain Ends.

The firm of VanKirk & Robins, who conducted an endless chain affair in Wilkes Barre several months, has been denied the use of the mails by the United States Postoffice Department, and in consequence must retire from business. There are about 50,000 letters in the Wilkes-Barre postoffice addressed to the firm, but, according to the ruling of the Department, these letters will be opened and sent back to the writers.

The first meeting which was called for Evans' Hall tomorrow to select the caste and make arrangements for the forthcoming production of "Pinafore" has been postponed owing to Mr. Hoffman the director being called away from town by sickness.

The Berwick Store Company, will erect a large boarding house with accommodations for three hundred boarders. The great scarcity of houses in our neighboring towns, has prompted this enterprise. The boarding house will be conducted by Edward Schenck, who for some time past has been the proprietor of a restaurant in that town.

One of the greatest catches in this vicinity in many years was that of a twenty-five pound carp by Eli Scheidman and George Kelchner on Thursday. The fish was taken from the Susquehanna river at a point between Espy and Almedia.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

In re-estate of Louisa Ann Young, late of Orange township, Col. Co. Pa., deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Louisa Ann Young, late of Orange township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator to whom all parsons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

CLINTON HERRING, Atty. B. F. CADMAN, Administrator.

[Both Telephones.]

WHILE THEY LAST

We will sell all our bicycle sundries at cost and below to close them out.

We have Gone Out of the Bicycle Business and if you are quick enough you can get what you want for little or nothing.

We will close EVERYTHING out regardless of cost.

W. S. RISHTON, Market Square Pharmacist.

Teachers' Examinations for the Year 1902.

Centralia and Conyngham, Tuesday, June 3, at Centralia.

Roaringcreek, Cleveland and Locust, Wednesday, June 4, at Numedia.

Beaver, Main and Mifflin, Friday, June 6, at Mifflinville.

Hemlock, Scott, Mt. Pleasant and Bloomsburg, Monday, June 9, at Bloomsburg.

Fishingcreek, Stillwater Boro, Orange and Orangeville, Wednesday, June 11, at Orangeville.

Sugarloaf, Jackson, Benton Twp. and Borough, Thursday, June 12, at Benton.

Briarcreek, Center and Berwick, Monday, June 16, at Berwick.

Madison, Pine, Greenwood and Milliville, Wednesday, June 18, at Millville.

Franklin, Montour, Catawissa Twp and Boro, Friday, June 20, at Catawissa.

For literary preparation- Enoch Arden, Irving's Sketch Book, Evangeline, Snow Bound, The Great Stone Face and The Deserted Village.

In Civil Government special emphasis will be given to township and county government.

In Algebra the examinations will cover everything as far as fractions.

For professional study, a careful reading of "Thinking and Learning to Think" is recommended.

Suitable paper and pencil will be furnished by the examiners: all applicants are requested to use the same.

Bring a sharp knife and a good eraser.

Stamped envelopes, properly addressed to yourself, should be left with the examiner to insure accuracy in mailing certificates.

Urge your directors and patrons to be present.

The examination will begin at 8:45 o'clock.

W. W. Evans, Co. Supt. Elect.

D. L. & W. Railroad Notes.

On account of the Prohibition State Convention, the Lackawanna Railroad will sell round trip tickets to New Castle, Pa., May 19, 20 and 21, at the rate of one fare for round trip. Ask for further particulars.

For the National Baptist Anniversaries, the Lackawanna Railroad will sell excursion tickets to St. Paul or Minneapolis at greatly reduced rates, May 17 to 19, inclusive. Tickets will be good for return, leaving St. Paul or Mineapolis not earlier than May 21 nor later than May 29. By the payment of 50 cents to the Joint Agent at either point, return limit may be extended to June 30.

On account of the German Baptist Conference, the Lackawanna Railroad will sell excursion tickets to Harrisburg May 15 to 21 inclusive, at one fare for the trip. Tickets will be good for return up to and including June 2, but this limit may be extended to June 30 without extra charge.

At a meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Normal School Wednesday evening, A. Z. Schoch was re-elected president of the board and John M. Clark, secretary for the ensuing year.

The Schwarz Orchestra will hold its annual dance in Lockard's Hall tomorrow evening.

AN EASY VICTORY.

Normal bested Dickinson College at base ball Friday afternoon, before the largest crowd of the season. The game though one sided was not entirely devoid of interest. Dickinson started in with a batting matinee, and this coupled with the high disagreeable wind which prevailed at the time, making good fielding out of the question, gathered 5 runs. Normal nearly evened matters in the half of the first by scoring 4. This was really the only exciting inning of the game. In the second Normal secured 5 more, and on every inning save two they increased their lead, until they had filed up 29 to their opponents 13.

After the first inning Stephenson, who pitched for Normal, settled down, and gave a beautiful exhibition of twirling. Dickinson tried four different pitchers, but none of them could stop Normal's terrible onslaught.

They secured 16 hits in all for a total of 25 bases.

On Saturday the Normal went to Harrisburg, where they played the strong Athletic Association team of that city. The game was badly spotted with errors, Harrisburg having 10 charged against them to 4 against Normal. There was, however, several brilliant plays made. The score was Harrisburg 10, Normal 9. The Harrisburg *Patriot* says:

The Bloomsburg boys played nice ball but were in hard luck, as their errors came just when the H. A. C. hit the ball. Shaffer demonstrated in the seventh inning, when he had the bases full, that when he had put himself in a tight hole he was able to pull himself out, as he struck out H. Taylor. Old Honnis Hartwick could only hit a little fly to third and Steese fouled out. Again in the ninth, after two runs had been scored and there were two out, the bases were again full but the best McManigal could do was to send a long fly to left.

A Propitious Opening.

The fair and festival under the auspices of the Rescue Fire Company, of the Fourth Ward, opened in the company's building on East Fifth Street Monday evening.

A street parade, in which the Bloomsburg Band and the fire companies participated was the prefatory feature. If the crowd of people which attended Monday evenings presage anything the boys will have little difficulty in liquidating the debt of $500 which hangs over them.

On the first floor of the building is served ice cream and other delicacies. The second floor is devoted entirely to the fair. There is a nice lot of articles on sale, such as groceries, furniture, and household supplies in general and at very reasonable prices. The interior decorations of the whole building are tasty and attract the attention as soon as a person enters.

Considerable interest is being taken in the articles to be chanced off. They are a clock, presented by F. P. Dilley & Co. of Philadelphia, a beautiful brass bedstead, from H. G. Supplee, a handsome sideboard, from Hawley —Slate Furniture Company, and a suit of clothes from John R. Townsend. Chances on any of these articles can be purchased from members of the Company. The fair and festival will continue throughout the week, and the Rescue boys extend a general invitation to the people to attend. There will be music every evening.

Bloomsburg relatives yesterday morning received word by telegram, that Fred Fowler, aged about 16 years, a son of John D. Fowler, who formerly resided here, had drowned Tuesday night near his home at Downer's Grove, Illinois. The nearest of kin to the unfortunate young man, residing in town, are Nathan B. Fowler, his grandfather, and Mrs. F. M. Gilmore, an aunt. There are also quite a number of other relatives living in Bloomsburg all of whom are grieved over the sad news.

A. A. Pealer, of Asbury, for many years in partnership with Elliott Lemons, and trading as Pealer and Lemons, and Miss Maude Tubbs, of Cambra, will be married at noon to-day. The ceremony will be performed by Rev. Corneil a former pastor of the Asbury charge but now located in Blair county. Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Garrison will attend. The bride elect is a niece of Mrs. Garrison.

The audience which witnessed the Carpet Mill—Nescopeck game of base ball at Athletic Park Saturday afternoon reminded one of old times. It was the largest crowd that has assembled there in many moons. The Carpet Mill boys duplicated their brilliant work of the week before, and again won out 15 to 9.

Rev. G. H. Hemingway will be the orator at Millville on Memorial Day.

MUST STAND TRIAL.

The Case Against Jeremiah Snyder is Continued to the September Term of Court.

The case against County Treasurer Jeremiah Snyder took on an altogether unexpected phase on Saturday, when the Court decided that he must stand trial for embezzlement. To say that this turn in the case was a surprise is putting it mildly. Shortly after Court convened District Attorney John G. Harman appeared and stated that the aggregate amount of Commissions retained by Mr. Snyder, $1,023, had been paid over, and that if the Court would allow a nol pros. to be entered, Mr. Snyder would resign from the office. Judge Little would not consider this. He did, however, consent to a continuance until the next term of court, knowing that Counsel had not had sufficient time to prepare the case.

Grant Herring, associate counsel for the Tax Payers Association, at whose instance the charge against Mr. Snyder was brought, appealed to Judge Little to reconsider the refusal of a nol pros. He continued by saying that treasurer Snyder had only followed out the custom or practice instituted by his predecessors. He was not wholly to blame in the matter, because he had only acted upon the advice of others, whom he thought competent to instruct him. Concluding Mr. Herring said that inasmuch as Mr. Snyder has made all the reparation within his power by refunding the money and offering to resign the office, he thought it sufficient punishment if the court would accept the resignation, and not inflict any further punishment upon him.

Judge Little refused the request as follows:

"This appeal, though eloquent, falls on deaf ears. If it is true, as Judge Herring has said, that Jeremiah Snyder has been lead into this; has been wrongly advised: that is the necessity for a public trial.

"The presumption of innocence now surrounds Jeremiah Snyder. He is not yet proved guilty.

"And I believe that I express the sentiments of every Judge upon this Bench that if the time ever comes when it will be upon our part to exercise clemency and indulgence, that will not be lacking if the facts, upon public trial, disclose it.

"If it is true that other parties are responsible here (and the wording of the Act of the Assembly makes any one who is connected as an advisory or an accessory equally guilty with him) a public trial should disclose it and the evidence should be heard. The application is refused."

REPORT OF THE CONDITION —OF THE—

First Nat'l Bank,

OF BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

at Bloomsburg, Pa., at the close of business April 30th, 1902.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$277,867 33
Overdrafts secured and unsecured	6,986 02
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	50,000 00
Stocks, Securities, &c.	185,001 75
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures	28,395 43
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	42,718 85
Due from State Banks and Bankers	154 72
Due from approved reserve agents	85,716 56
Internal Revenue Stamps	30 00
Checks and other cash items	1,158 85
Notes of other National Banks	390 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cts.	25 26
LAWFUL MONEY RESERVE IN BANK, VIZ:	
Specie $14,313 95	
Legal Tender Notes 15,950 00	30,263 95
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	2,500 00
Total	$711,228 12

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$ 50,000 00
Surplus fund	125,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	13,626 66
National Bank Notes outstanding	50,000 00
Due to other National Banks	52,108 71
Due to State Banks and Bankers	2,347 15
Individual deposits, subject to check	415,823 41
Certified checks	6 20
Cashier's checks outstanding	2,416 59
Total	$711,228 12

State of Pennsylvania, } ss:
County of Columbia }

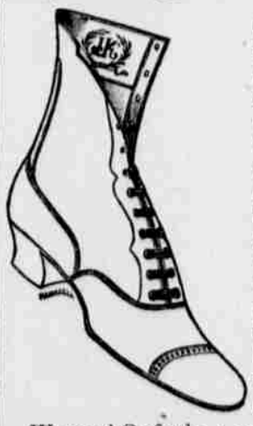
I, E. B. TUSTIN, Cashier of the above-named Bank, do solemnly affirm that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. B. TUSTIN, CASHIER.

CORRECT—Attest: E. W. M. LOW, J. M. STAVER, LOUIS GROSS, } Directors.

Subscribed and affirmed to before me this 9th day of May, 1902. A. W. DUY, Notary Public.

Spring Shoes.



In shoes as in all other things only a few are experts in the business. Our large buying and cash payments give us the advantage of buying of the best shoemakers.

Women' Oxfords, 1.50, 2.00, 2.50 and 3.00. Women's Shoes, 1.50, 2.00, 2.50, 3.00, 3.50.

Men's W. L. Douglas Shoe 3.00, 3.50, 4.00. Men's Government Shoe 2.50.

W. H. MOORE, Cor. Main and Iron Sts. BLOOMSBURG, PA

SPECIAL VALUES THIS WEEK.

35c. Wash Dress Goods 20c. yd.

A fortunate purchase fresh from the looms. Choice new patterns 31 inches wide—Mercerized Materials look like Silk. They're selling all around for 35 cents, this lot to go for 20 cents a yard. Don't wait if you wish to share them, its a saving of $1.50 on a dress. That will buy the trimming.

WOMENS' UNDERMUSLINS

New lines. They're right in every way, most particularly in the make, the quality, the prices we have placed on them. See the showing of womens' new undermuslins and the prices we ask you for them.

WASH DRESS GOODS

32in. Batiste 10c yd., worth 15 30in. Lenos 16c yd., worth 20 30in. Mercerized Madras 20c yd., worth 35. Best Chambray Ginghams 12½c. Printed Swisses, Dimities, &c. 16c Dimities 12½ cents a yard.

LACES AND EMBROIDERIES

Big lines. All the wanted kinds—Bands, Edgings, Beadings, Insertions, Embroideries, Galoons, for all purposes. You should see them.

BEDDING

Sheets made from Boston Muslin 72 x 90, 54 cents. 81 x 90 59 cents. 90 x 90, 65 cents. Special Counterpane 96 cents each.

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT

New lines. New styles. New hats. Trimmed and untrimmed. See our untrimmed hats. Make your selection and we trim them free of charge. Some special bargains in trimmed hats. Shirt waist or outing hats new styles. Flowers big line.

RIBBONS, RIBBONS

Miles of them go on our counters this week that you should see. Ribbon for all purposes. Sash Ribbons all colors. 5 inch fancy ribbons 38 cents, worth 50. 7 inch Taffeta ribbons 44 cents, worth 65. 5 inch white fancy 25 cents, worth 35. 4 inch Taffetas 18 cents. A special Satin Liberty Mill 36 cents a yard. Velvet Ribbons in all widths.

WHITE DRESS GOODS

Some decided values that you should see—both in plain and fancy effects—our lines are large.

HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR

Big line of both Ladies' Lace Hose at 15 cents a pair and Ladies' Lace Vests at 15 cents each.

ONE PRICE—CASH.

H. J. CLARK & SON.

SHOES OF ALL KINDS,

except inferior shoes, can be found here. We offer honest material, whether it be calf or kid, and made up in an honest manner, into stylish and durable footwear, for men, women and children.

Any and every new shape or style that is worthy of consideration will be found in our stock. Our ladies' shoes, at $2.00, have had a remarkable sale. Their merits have won friends everywhere. Another good shoe is Colonial Dame, at $2.50.

F. D. DENTLER.

TALK NO. 22.

BAD EYES.

There is good reason to believe that in a very large share—perhaps nine out of ten cases of bad sight the **Qualified Optician** can as fully and satisfactorily correct the faulty vision as the oculist, but the optician must had a capable training, long experience, a conscience, and a becomingly modest appreciation of the fallibility of even the best trained judgment.

Geo. W. Hess,

OPTICIAN AND JEWELER, BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

If your Eyes trouble you in any way--consult me about them. I can help you if glasses are needed.

J. LEE MARTIN, Optician and Jeweler.

Telephone 1842.

Sold by Sheriff Knorr on Saturday.

The plant known as the Hamlin Car & Wheel Manufacturing Company of Catawissa, was sold by Sheriff Knorr on Saturday to William H. Rhawn, attorney for the bondholders for $7,500. The sale of course was made under the trust mortgage of $12,000. The plant is considered to be one of the most complete for its size, in this section, and it will now be operated again, and to its fullest capacity.

Other properties disposed of were those of Mrs. Martha J. Lazarus, located on Iron Street, Bloomsburg, and Mifflin Township, respectively. Abram Kline was the purchaser of both.

INDUSTRY & MECHANICS

HAD NARROW ESCAPE.

Curious Experience with Ball Lightning Related by a Most Unwilling Eye-Witness.

Robert Seyboth, of the United States weather bureau, tells of an experience with ball lightning while at sea in Hudson bay in 1867. The phenomenon was witnessed during a storm. "Happening to secure the upper hold on the foretopsail brace, the writer, facing sternward, again noticed the evil-looking thunderhead, apparently but a few yards above the mizzen truck, and, while waiting in silent expectancy for the thing to come, saw a ball of fire the size of a man's head detach itself from the cloud and sail quite leisurely to the mizzen truck, striking which it exploded with a deafening crash and sent a shower of hissing sparks over rigging and deck.

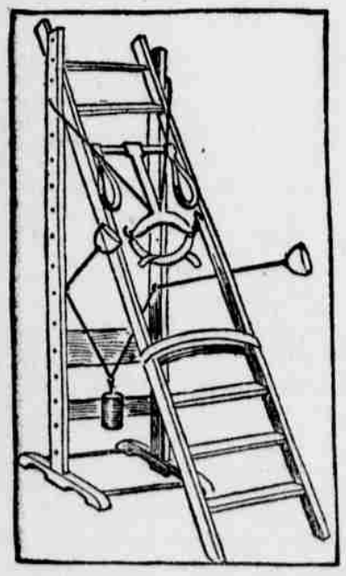
"Of the immediate consequences, save one, the writer can only speak from hearsay. When he regained consciousness he found himself sitting, propped up against the weather side of the mainmast, paralyzed in the right half of his body, and his shipmates busily engaged, some in clearing away the wreckage of the shattered mainmast, others in sounding the pump to discover whether or not the bolt had knocked a hole in the vessel's bottom. The latter calamity was probably averted by the fact that the lightning had found an easier escape to the water by way of the anchor chains, through the hawse pipes, as both anchors had been made ready to let drop in case of the vessel's inability to weather the rocks. The one exception above noted and which he has accepted as a proof that the velocity of thought is greater than that of lightning, was his distinct realization, at the critical moment, that he had been struck by lightning and was being hurled to the deck, though consciousness failed him before he struck it. He also had time to formulate the thought: 'Well, it is all over with you this time,' and feel rather gratified at the supposed fact.

"There was absolutely no pain felt, not even an unpleasant sensation; on the contrary, he seemed to sink into an agreeably restful position, though, according to his shipmates' statements, he was hurled with great violence into the lee scuppers. Of the other men on the deck, especially those having hold of the brace, every one was more or less shocked, but none were rendered insensible. The writer's uppermost hold on the rope had evidently deflected the greater part of the charge through his body. The paralysis of his right side was gradually succeeded by a prickling sensation, and the movement of his limbs had again become possible by the time the watch was told to go below."—Scientific American.

BODILY DEFORMITIES.

German Woman's Invention That May Prove a Boon to Those Afflicted with Them.

The purpose for which the invention shown in the illustration was designed is the treatment and cure of hunchbacks, protuberant chests, pigeon breasts and other deformities to which the human frame is subject. Its inventor is Katherina Wegner, of



CURES BODILY DEFORMITIES.

Berlin, Germany. This new stretching and straightening apparatus consists essentially of a vertical ladder and a frame to carry the appliances for the different treatments, with means for adjusting the frame and the different parts of the apparatus to conform with the particular case in hand. It is the intention of the inventor to have the patient suspended in the frame in such a manner as to apply pressure to the deformed part, at the same time causing movements of the muscles and bones which will aid in bringing the parts to their normal position, gradually increasing the pressure and movements as the treatment progresses until the cure is completed.

Consolation for Parents.

That there are a few consolatory facts concerning delicate babies that their parents may lay to heart. That, in the first place, the the most fragile children make the strongest men and women. That instances could be multiplied of sickly infants who were never expected to live, but who struggled through a stormy childhood to develop into robust health in youth.

A MOUNTAIN OF SALT.

It Is Big Enough to Supply All France with Salt for a Period of Several Centuries.

This marvel, we are told by Lectures pour Tous, stands at Cardona, Spain, in the foothills of the Pyrenees, in an inhospitable region, torrid in summer and very cold in winter. It attracts few spectators, for it can be reached only by a journey of 25 miles in a "tartane," or mule cart. Near the salt mountain stands the old fort of Cardona, long reputed one of the strongest in Spain. At its base flows a stream through a gorge entirely barren of vegetation, the traveler comes suddenly at a turn in the path upon the salt mountain, which resembles a huge glacier. It is estimated to contain 500,000,000 tons of rock salt—a statement which may be more interesting if

SPAIN'S MOUNTAIN OF SALT.

we remember that the neighboring country of France consumes 700,000 tons annually, so that this mountain could supply France with salt for 700 years. The salt mountain is private property and is worked as a mine, but only to a very limited extent. The workmen fashion crosses, flasks, cups, and other objects of fine clear specimens, and sell them to occasional tourists. Of course, the rain beating upon the salt hill gradually washes it away, but the process is very slow. A shower of detached blocks falls after a storm, but these fragments grow together again as broken ice does. The worst enemies of the mountain are underground watercourses which dissolve great caves in its base. These caves are interesting, but hardly safe to visit for obvious reasons. Their roofs are covered with salt stalactites. This is not the only salt mountain in the world. There are some in Persia, worked as mines, and the miners are said to build houses of blocks of salt, cemented together by wetting. There is one in Colombia which was uncovered by a landslide in 1870.

VACARIES OF TIDES.

Curious Currents in the Ocean and Its Various Arms Throughout the Entire Globe.

There are as many vagaries in the waters as in the winds. Why, for instance, should three great ocean currents send their warm waters across the wide Pacific, Atlantic and across the Cape of Good Hope? There have been many theories advanced to solve the problem of their origin, but all have proved fallacious. Other and equally mysterious currents exist in well-nigh all parts of the world. The tides are so erratic in different parts of the world that one hesitates to accept the theory that the moon controls them in all cases. It is on record that the sea has run for weeks out of the Java sea through the straits of Sunda and thence back again for a like period without any perceptible rise or fall during those times. Then there is the equatorial current that flows into the Caribbean sea, the ever-flowing current to the eastward around Cape Horn, the cold stream flowing from the icy regions of the north past Newfoundland and Nova Scotia and along the American coast to the extreme end of Florida, the continual current running with a velocity of from four to five knots an hour through the straits of Gibraltar into the Mediterranean sea, the swift current running across the rocks and shoals off the end of Billiton island, which apparently starts from nowhere and ends somewhere in the vicinity of the same place, and the current which, starting half way up in the China sea, runs from two to three knots an hour to the northeast and finally ends abruptly off the north end of Luzon. Then we have those tidal vagaries known the world over as bores. Residents on Severn side are familiar with them, and those that run up the Hooghly and Irrawaddy rivers from side to side in a zigzag shape till they reach their limit, often tearing ships from their anchorage, originate nobody knows where or why. The rush of waters in the bay of Fundy is nothing but a huge bore sweeping all before it up to the head of the bay till the waters have risen to the height of 50 or 60 feet. Off Southampton we have the double tides, while at Singapore it has been observed for days at a time that there has been but the one rise and fall in the 24 hours. The tides may be, and very often appear as though they were "moon struck," but they certainly are not controlled with hard and fast rules by that or any other body. —London Shipping World.

The Two Largest Islands.

It seems to be about settled that the two largest islands in the world are both in the Arctic ocean. Greenland is unquestionably the largest—if Australia is counted as a continent—and recent explorations of Baffin land show that it is second only to Greenland in extent.

THE CRANBERRY CROP.

It Is Far More Important Than the Ordinary Observer Would Have Supposed.

The first cranberries of the season come from Cape Cod. It was here that cranberry cultivation was inaugurated at the beginning of the last century. Cape Cod furnishes a large proportion of the best berries and about two-thirds of the total crop of New England. Next in volume of productiveness comes New Jersey. Part of the state's crop is made up of wild cranberries. These are sometimes picked before they have begun to color, then spread on the ground and exposed to the sun for six weeks. It is claimed that in this way a deeper color is secured.

Following New Jersey comes New York berries, most of which are grown on Long Island. These, as a whole, are particularly good berries, large in size, and, for that reason, attractive. The cranberry is the one fruit whose quality is held second to its appearance.

There are cranberry bogs in Wisconsin, Michigan, Minnesota, Iowa, Indiana and northern Ohio. The western berry seldom finds its way east, for the home demand is as great as the supply. For this reason the eastern berry often finds its way well toward and sometimes beyond the Mississippi. Generally it is of better quality, for the production of western berries gathered from wild vines is large.

Every year cranberries are shipped to Europe and statistics show a steady increase of exportation. It is only natural that this increase should occur, because the American cranberry is superior to the European.

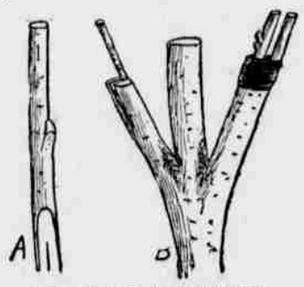
England receives most of its cranberries from Norway and Sweden, but they are not nearly as good as the American product. Perhaps poor quality has caused the cranberry to lack in popularity abroad. Certain it is that nowhere is this berry so popular as in the United States, where the quantity consumed is larger than the rest of the world uses.—Newark (N. J.) News.

GRAFTING MADE EASY.

A Down East Method Which Has Never Failed to Produce Fairly Satisfactory Results.

In grafting a seedling one or two years old the graft is put on just above the ground and but one cutting is used. To graft a tree to change the fruit is another matter and instead of cutting the tree off below the limbs three or four of the lower limbs are cut off eight or ten inches from the trunk or the main branch and two cuttings or grafts are placed in each limb. Should the operation prove successful the following year all the branches above the grafts may be removed with little danger of losing the tree. A tree of most any age may be grafted in this way and in a few years be in good bearing. The grafting outfit is simple, comprising a jackknife, small saw and a dish of grafting wax. In selecting grafts only the last year's growth of new wood should be chosen.

Figure A shows how to make the scion. They may be several inches long and contain two or three buds



THE SCION AND STOCK.

each. The bottom end which is to be inserted into the limb should be wedge shape. Figure B gives an idea how the limb appears with a split top in which the grafts are set. Two cuttings should be placed in each limb to be sure of a good stand. After they are placed in position some orchardists bind them in place with cord or twine to make them secure before the grafting wax is applied. This answers as a safeguard, but it is not absolutely necessary. In placing the scion it is important to have the inner bark of scion and stock come together so that the sap will flow from the tree to the cutting. After this is done the wax should be applied so that the joint or splice is well covered, thus keeping out the air and water. Should all the grafts live the weaker ones should be pruned away.—Orange Judd Farmer.

Asparagus on the Farm.

One of the plants most serviceable in the farmer's garden is asparagus. Once well established an asparagus bed is perpetual, if it is handled right after it comes into bearing. Fifty plants will supply an ordinary family with all the asparagus tips they can use. The plants should not be set closer than 18 inches in the row, and should not be permitted to go to seed. If the seeds are permitted to ripen and fall on the ground they will send up innumerable stalks and these make trouble in asparagus growing. This can be prevented by cutting out the sprouts that bear seeds just before they turn yellow. When one-year old plants are set, cutting for use may begin the third season. Each day all the sprouts should be cut, even if some of them have to be thrown away.—Farmers' Review.

MAY COURT NEWS.

Commonwealth vs. Joseph Fest. Charge, assault with intent. Not a true bill.

Commonwealth vs. William Zansavish. Charge, carrying concealed deadly weapons. A true bill.

Commonwealth vs. William Zansavish. Charge, assault. A true bill.

Commonwealth vs. Jeremiah Snyder. Charge, embezzlement. A true bill.

The Grand Jury Wednesday afternoon returned a true bill against County Commissioners Wm. Krickbaum, Nehemiah Kitchen and W. H. Fisher charging them with neglect and refusing to repair the bridge in Mt. Pleasant township near the Poor Farm.

Report of viewers in favor of a county bridge over Beaver Creek, in Beaver township, was approved by the Grand Jury.

The recognizance of John Cameron and Walter Shipman was taken in the sum of $300 for the appearance of John Cameron at the next term of court.

Sheriff Daniel Knorr acknowledged the following deeds in open court:

Daniel Knorr, sheriff, to Enock Harlan, Land in Benton.

Daniel Knorr, sheriff, to Co-operative Building Bank. Land in Bloomsburg. The lien receipt was read in open court.

Daniel Knorr, sheriff, to Co operative Building Bank, land in Bloomsburg. Lien creditor's receipt read in open court.

Daniel Knorr, sheriff, to Co-operative Building Bank, land in Bloomsburg. Lieu creditor's receipt read in open court.

Daniel Knorr, sheriff, to Stanley Dodson. Land in Benton.

Daniel Knorr, sheriff, to Locust Mountain Savings & Loan Association. Lien creditor's receipt read in open court. Land in Bloomsburg.

Daniel Knorr, sheriff, to R. T. Smith. Land in Bloomsburg.

Daniel Knorr, sheriff, to Louise Kennedy. Land in Elkgrove.

Daniel Knorr, sheriff, to Geo. E. Lockwood. Land in Bloomsburg.

Daniel Knorr, sheriff, to R. S. Swayze. Land in Briarcreek.

Daniel Knorr, sheriff, to Frank M. Pealer. Land in Fishingcreek.

A list of criminal cases was concluded Thursday morning and nearly every one expected that court would be adjourned until Monday. Judge Little, however in order to economize for the county as well as to save time immediately took up the civil list.

The first case was Peter Strausser vs. J. L. Fisher. This case had been continued from February 1900. It appears that Herbert, a minor son of Peter Strausser, had been according to his own story, chased away from home in the summer of 1898. He was given employment by John L. Fisher at a salary agreed upon and paid. In the fall the boy returned to his home. Eighteen months later the father brings suit against Fisher for wages earned by the son and paid to him by Fisher. The case was before the court for the greater part of the day. The plaintiff was represented by C. A. Small. The jury returned a verdict for the defendant.

Charles Klingaman vs. J. Paul Fry. Plea, non assumpsit, verdict of $79.77 for plaintiff.

Following is the report of the Grand Jury:

"We have examined the Public Buildings, and find the following repairs are needed:

The large doors leading from the jail yard, tiling loose on the floor in front hall. We also recommend a letter box in front of jail and arc light in front and coal oil lamp for inside hall for use of prisoners; some repairs in water closet in Grand Jurors' room. We also recommend Columbia and Montour telephone in Treasurer's office. We found everything in good repair around Court House and jail except the above named repairs, all of which is respectfully submitted."

J. G. GIRTON, Foreman.

Commonwealth vs. Charles Ernst. Charge, assault and battery and assault and battery with intent, etc. Verdict, guilty. Motion by defendant's counsel for arrest of judgment and sentence and also for new trial, filed.

The case of the Commonwealth vs. Jeremiah Snyder, County Treasurer, charged with embezzlement in retaining commissions on license moneys due townships and boroughs, was continued until September term of Court.

Commonwealth vs. Charles Gold. Charge, selling liquor on Sunday, etc. Continued.

Commonwealth vs. Charles Gold. Charge, selling liquor to minors. Continued.

Harvey C. Hess, W. C. Hess and Warren H. Eyer appointed viewers to view site for road in Briarcreek township.

William Barrett, Jame Quick and D. J. Pealer appointed viewers to view site for county bridge over Hemlock Creek, in Hemlock township.

[CONTINUED ON PAGE 8.]

It's Impure Blood.

"What is it?" asks the mother as she notices the smooth skin of her child marred by a red or pimply eruption. It is impure blood, and the child needs at once to begin the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the best and surest remedy for impurity of the blood. It entirely eradicates the poisons which corrupt the blood and cause disease. It cures scrofula, boils, pimples, eczema, salt-rheum and other eruptive diseases which are the direct result of impure blood. It enriches as well as purifies the blood.

"Dr. Pierce's medicine has not only benefited me greatly, but it has done wonders for my two sons," writes Mrs. M. Hartrick, of Demster, Oswego Co., N. Y. "Both had scrofula. I have lost two daughters in less than five years with consumption and scrofula. My eldest son was taken two or three years ago with hemorrhage from the lungs. It troubled him for over a year. He took Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and has not had a hemorrhage in over a year. My younger son had scrofulous sores on his neck; had two lanced, but has not had any since he commenced to take your medicine."

Accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery." There is nothing "just as good" for diseases of the stomach, blood and lungs.

A 1008 page book, free for the asking. You can get the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, the best medical book ever published, *free* by sending stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 21 one-cent stamps for paper covers or 31 stamps for cloth-bound volume, to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

DEMOCRACY'S WEAKNESS.

While the effective organization of the Democracy of the State may not be a matter of as much political interest, just at present, as is the progress of the QUAY-ELKIN contest it certainly is one of vastly more importance, both to the people of the State and to the prospects of ending the domination of the Republican machine.

For hope what we will; rejoice as we may over factional contests and the quarrels among thieves; let divisions among Republicans become as many and wide as they now promise, and the feuds among their leaders grow in intensity and bitterness, Pennsylvania cannot, and will not, be redeemed, unless by organized effort on the part of the Democracy, and of others opposed to the machine and its methods.

It is the great weakness of the Democracy of the State that its principal dependence for success is upon what the troubles in the Republican ranks may do for us. It is true that much depends upon these; but it is equally true that much more depends upon our being in a condition to take advantage of the situation, and to show our greatest strength when the opposition is the weakest.

A matter of a few hundred votes may determine whether the end of the machine is to come in November, or whether its iniquities are to continue to rob and disgrace the State. And when has there been a time in the history of the Pennsylvania Democracy that it was not short at the polls, tens of thousands of votes that it could have had there, had it had a thorough and efficient organization.

It is a big job to get a political mob of four hundred and fifty thousand votes organized and drilled into an effective army. It is a job that cannot be done in a few weeks or a few months. And it is this job that should be commenced now, and pushed with vigor until the political predilection, qualifications and whereabouts of every voter in the State are known and until every particle of work necessary to his qualifications and insuring his presence at the polls is accomplished.

There is not a year that the Democrats do not loose tens of thousands of votes because of neglect to see that the registration of Democratic voters is fully made.

There is not an election that tens of thousands more are not prohibited from voting because of the neglect or failure to pay their taxes.

There is not a precinct in the State that does not lose numbers of voters because of the absence of young men at College, of workingmen employed elsewhere than in the neighborhood in which they vote, and of others whose whereabouts, when needed at the polls, is unknown.

It is only through perfect organization that these losses can be prevented, and unless these, as well as all others that are usual and sometimes overwhelming, can be avoided, what is the use in making a pretense of success, or of building up hopes only to have them crushed.

Above and beyond everything else, every Democratic vote in the State must be at the polls if we are to win. If they are to be gotten there it is time to begin the work of finding out who they are, where they are, what their needs are and all about them. In fact it is time to begin the enrollment of the army and each working Democrat will have enough to do in this line to keep him busy, without bothering about the troubles in the camps of our opponents.

The weakness of the Democracy is its lack of thorough organization.

Do its leaders understand this?—*Bellefonte Watchman.*

Important Suit.

A summons has been issued and a statement was filed Monday in the Prothonotary's office, Bloomsburg, of a case that promises to be given wide spread interest, that of Michael Madden, of Centralia, vs. Lehigh Valley Coal Company. The suit is brought to "recover damages for injuries done to and suffered by the plaintiff by reason of neglect, improper and unskillful mining of coal in certain veins." Madden alleges that the coal company has been mining too near the surface, and has not placed proper supports. The consequence has been that the surface has sunken considerably, injuring his property. Noxious gases are constantly arising, he alleges, making it very disagreeable. For these injuries and inconveniences he asks for damages to the amount of $2,500. The company, so it is understood, claims that when they purchased the property of the land owners there were reservations in the deed allowing them to mine without regard to compensation for injury. The plaintiff alleges the contrary to be the truth. The case directly interests twenty-five or thirty property owners of Centralia who propose instituting suit if Madden secures a verdict.—*Centralia American.*

Prohibition State Convention.

Reduced Rates to New Castle via Pennsylvania Railroad.

On account of the State Convention of the Prohibition party, to be held at New Castle, Pa., May 21 and 22, 1901, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to New Castle from all stations on its lines in Pennsylvania at rate of single fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold May 19 to 21, and will be good to return until May 23, inclusive

German Baptist Conference.

The regular Conference of the German Baptists will be held this year at Paxtang, Pa., May 20th to 24th. To accommodate its patrons desiring to attend this conference the Philadelphia & Reading Railway will sell special excursion tickets from all points on its line to Paxtang and return at low rate of single fare for round trip—no ticket sold for less than 25 cents.

These tickets will be sold and good going May 15th to 21st inclusive, and good to return until June 2d inclusive.

For full information as to rates of fare, time of trains and other information desired, consult any Philadelphia & Reading Ticket Agent.

Reduced Rates to San Francisco and Los Angeles.

Via Pennsylvania Railroad, Account Imperial Council, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine.

On account of the Imperial Council, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, at San Francisco, Cal., June 10 to 14, 1902, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to San Francisco or Los Angeles from all stations on its lines, from May 26 to June 7, inclusive, at greatly reduced rates. These tickets will be good for return passage within sixty days from date of sale when executed by Joint Agent at Los Angeles or San Francisco and payment of fifty cents made for this service. For specific rates apply to Ticket Agents. 1t

Leases, 3c each, 30c a dozen. Notices to quit, 10c a dozen. For sale at this office. tf.

Manager—"I'm afraid this play isn't quite heavy enough." Playwright—"Well, we migh: increase the wait between the acts."

MANY SCHOOL CHILDREN ARE SICKLY.—Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, Break up Colds in 24 hours, cure Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, and Destroy Worms. At all druggists, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y. 4 24 d4t.

"A college education always pays," remarked the Wise Guy. "Still," ventured the Simple Mug, "I know a lot of fellows with college educations who never pay if they can help it.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of The Kind You Have Always Bought Chas. H. Fletcher.

Some Famous Gems of the World's Royalty

The Koh-i-nur, of Queen Alexandra's Crown, Is Among the Smaller Ones.

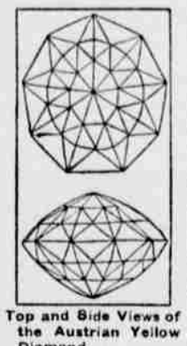
The fact that the Koh-i-noor is to shine in Queen Alexandra's crown at the coronation in June set us wondering if that famous gem was altogether the most marvelous known. And it was somewhat of a surprise to us to find that it was not the biggest diamond nor its rays of the purest serenity of any with which the world is now acquainted. There are others.

The Orloff Diamond, of Russia.

The largest diamond in Europe for many years was the Orloff, in the possession of Russia, who has an extraordinary fondness for gems and owns an immense quantity of diamonds and countless sapphires, rubies and pearls. The Orloff has a weight of 193 carats, almost twice that of the Koh-i-noor as now cut. The earliest history of the Orloff is unknown; at least there is much contradiction existent as to its origiu; but that it came from India and that many generations have appreciated its value none deny.

Much that savors of romance is connected with the history of all the world's famous gems; there are stories of love and intrigue, also fearsome tales of friends turned traitors, of mutilated slaves, and of foul murder. The Orloff has not been so bathed in blood as some of the others, the Koh-i-noor for instance, fighting for whose possession many and many a strong man gave up his life and not a few were put to torture.

This is the story of the Russian stone: Somewhere near the middle of the eighteenth century a Frenchman, a soldier in the French garrison at Pondicherry, became enamored of the idea of looking upon a sacred jewel which formed the eye of Brahma, who dwelt in the holy temple of Sringeri-motho. The god and the gem were most religiously guarded. The monastery that they have graced consisted of as many as seven separate inclosures, many towers, and a cupola, and a whole host of Brahmins served about the altar. It was indeed only the boldest, most reckless spirit that would dream of entering and ever being able to leave such a fortress.



Top and Side Views of the Austrian Yellow Diamond.

But the French soldier not only dreamed, but saw his dream come true. He deserted from the army and became a Brahmin, O, a very, very zealous disciple. He found favor with the priests, and was so trusted that they gave him the office of guarding the inner sanctuary. He repaid their trust by digging out the diamond eye and carrying it away. At Madras he sold the diamond to an English sea captain for $10,000. A Jew merchant bought it from the captain at an advance of $50,000, and set about to sell it to the highest bidder he could capture. Catherine of Russia wanted it, but did not like the Jew's price, and refused to buy. A Russian nobleman, Prince Orloff, a one-time favorite of Catherine, purchased it and presented it to her, hoping thereby to win back her fickle affections.

The Orloff is mounted in the Imperial scepter, which is used only at coronations. When Catherine died, her son had performed a most gruesome ceremony, at which the Orloff shone with unholy brilliancy. The body of Paul's father, who had been banished by Catherine and murdered by one of the Orloffs, was disinterred and placed beside that of his faithless wife. The coronation ornaments were brought from Moscow, and the wretched skeleton, which had lain in the grave 35 years, was given the ceremony that had been neglected when it was clothed in flesh and the spirit of life dwelt in it.

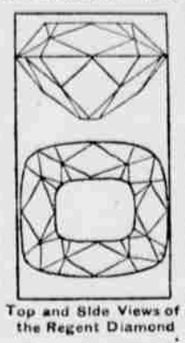
Austrian Yellow Diamond in the Rough.

The Orloff has figured since at numerous coronations, where the scepter always plays an important part. When not in use, the imperial diamond is kept in the Kremlin, where is guarded the Regalia.

The famous yellow diamond of Austria weighs 139½ carats. This diamond, of which mention is made as early as 1642, was known as the "Florentine" diamond. The story goes that it was once sold in Florence for a few pennies, the seller thinking he was parting with a bit of glass. The Medicis had it in their possession for some time, and when their line became extinct it fell into the hands of Francis Stephen and his wife, Maria Theresa, archduchess of Austria. The latter confiscated it and carried it to Austria, which country has held it ever since.

The Regent, of which the French nation is the proud possessor, is another diamond that exceeds the Koh-i-noor in size, weighing 136¾ carats. The story goes that this diamond, which in the rough weighed 410 carats, was found by a slave not so very far from the famous mines of Golconda. He managed to conceal it in a wound in the calf of his leg, escaped the inspectors, and in Madras tried to find a purchaser for his treasure. The wretched fellow was killed by the one to whom he disclosed his secret, and the murderer sold the gem to a diamond merchant for $5,000. Mr. Thomas Pitt, grandfather of the earl of Chatham, purchased the stone of the merchant for $96,000, escorted it home, had it cut (the process took two years), and eventually sold it to the king of France for $875,000. The name "Regent" was bestowed upon the diamond in honor of the duke of Orleans, who was then acting as regent for the youth that later ruled as Louis XV. The Regent has shone in the crown of French kings, in the hilt of the sword of Napoleon Bonaparte, and in the imperial diadem of Louis Napoleon.

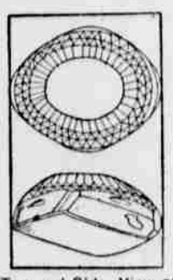
Tradition would give to the Koh-i-noor fabulous age, thousands and thousands of years. In the vivid phraseology of India, it was valued at "half the daily expenditure of the whole world"—and small wonder then that it aroused such unholy passions in men, urging them on to plunder, torture and murder. It is thought the stone was held for ages by the family of the rajah of Malwa, which family was forced to give it up in 1304 to the sultan of Al-ed-din. When the treasures of Delhi fell into the hands of the Moguls they obtained possession of "one famous diamond which had been acquired by the sultan of Al-ed-din." The Moguls held the stone for several generations. Some say that the Koh-i-noor was one of the eyes of the peacock that formed a certain Mogul's famous peacock throne, the throne composed entirely of precious stones. It is known that it was worn in the turbans of the Mogul empresses up to 1739. When Nadir Shah came over to Delhi from Persia in 1739 he found the then Mogul not what his ancestors had been and experienced little trouble in conquering him. Conqueror and conquered treated each other with becoming ceremony. After the surrender, when the wily Nadir Shah made known his desire to change turbans with Mohammed Shah, the defeated Mogul, there was nothing for the latter to do but remove his turban, with the Koh-i-noor in its folds, and hand it over to Nadir.



Top and Side Views of the Regent Diamond.

The diamond descended to Nadir's unfortunate son, whose eyes were put out and who was subjected to other tortures in order that he would relinquish the coveted gem. The lord of Kandihar came to his rescue, and on the death of the Persian received the Koh-i-noor as a reward for his service; it thus coming into the hands of the Afghans. Shining in a bracelet on the arm of an Afghan sovereign, the Koh-i-noor was first seen by English eyes.

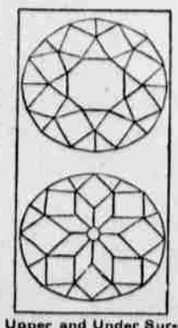
Rebellions among the Afghans caused the owner of the Koh-i-noor to flee to Lahore, and the diamond fell into the hands of the fierce ruler of that country. His successor on the throne and in the possession of the Koh-i-noor died of poison. The one who came after him was killed with the jewel upon his person. The last Indian owner of the Koh-i-noor was a mere boy when Lahore was annexed by the English. When the English flag was set up in his dominions, the little prince was allowed a large income; but he was invited to part with one possession, the Koh-i-noor.



Top and Side View of the Koh-i-noor as Originally Cut.

It then weighed 186 1-16 carats. It was recut and emerged flawless, with a weight of 102½ carats. The work of recutting was an extremely delicate one, an expert workman being brought from Amsterdam to undertake the task, and special machinery being constructed for it.

There are diamonds of modern times that outrival the above in size if not in legendary worth. Probably the largest one in the world is the jubilee diamond found in Jagersfontein, South Africa, in 1893. Its weight is 239 carats, and it is valued at $2,000,000. Another South African diamond, recently on exhibition at Buffalo, weighs 207¾ carats almost twice the weight of the Koh-i-noor.



Upper and Under Surface of the Koh-i-noor as Recut.

KATHERINE POPE.

ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE TOWN OF BLOOMSBURG, FOR THE YEAR 1901.

TAX ROLL FOR 1901.

Built up	@ 9 mills	$1935393 00	$17417 78
Suburban	" 6 "	72773 00	436 64
Farm	" 4½ "	127183 00	572 32
Personality	" 9 "	12040 00	108 36
Occupations	" 9 "	216390 00	1947 51
Dogs and Bitches			198 00
			$20680 56

Add following exonerations:

Furniture Company	$10000 00
Bloomsburg Manufacturing Co.	6000 00
Steam Heating Company	5000 00
Electric Light Company	5000 00
	$2389689 00
2 per ct. of above valuat'n is	$ 47793 78
Funded debt is	$62745 00

J. K. BITTENBENDER, Tax Collector.

DR.

To balance on Duplicate of 1895	$ 676 48	
To balance on Duplicate of 1901	2740 57	$3417 05

CR.

By amt pd Tr Carpenter Dup	95	$ 357 69	
" " " " "	96	1781 97	
" " exonerations	" 96	282 83	
" balance due on	" 95	318 79	
" " " "	" 96	675 77	$3417 05

L. D. KASE, Tax Collector.

DR.

To balance on Duplicate of 1897	$ 17 78	
" " " " " 1898	612 08	
" " " " " 1900	6600 66	$9821 44

CR.

By amt pd Tr Carpenter Dup	97	$ 17 78	
" " returned to Co Tr	" 98	68 59	
" exonerations on	" 98	464 87	
" commission on	" 98	25 70	
" amt pd Tr Carpenter	" 98	52 92	
" " returned to Co Tr	" 99	127 83	
" exonerations on	" 99	539 06	
" commission on	" 99	23 18	
" amt pd Tr Carpenter	" 99	1990 85	
" " " "	" 00	3799 05	
" balance on	" 00	2801 61	$9821 44

MILES BETZ, Tax Collector.

DR.

To balance on Duplicate of 1901	$9143 61	$9143 61

E. F. CARPENTER, Treasurer.

DR.

To balance	$ 3560 69	
To amt from J K Bittenb'r col	2139 66	
" " " L D Kase, col	5770 60	
" " " Taxes for 1901	11536 95	
" " " Bds issued & sold	6530 00	
" " " 1st Nat Bnk loan	1000 00	
" " " Frank Ikeler, Pres for 1900	129 58	
" " " Scanlan-Co crossings	126 25	
" " " Bloom Car Co iron	5 50	
" " " J Snyder, Treas for licenses 1901	1254 00	
" " " J Snyder, Treas for licenses 1902	1482 00	
" " " Bl Paper Co pipe	1 60	
" " " H F Dieffenbach for stone	70	
" " " Foreign Fire Insurance Co for '00	922 33	
" " " Bond holders for State Tax	103 82	$33863 78

CR.

By amt of orders of	1898 pd	$ 1 40	
" " " " "	1899 pd	2785 63	
" " " " "	1900 pd	1041 26	
" " " " "	1901 pd	19698 72	
" " "coupons"	Aug '00 pd	8 75	
" " " "	" Feb '01 pd	236 64	
" " " "	" Aug '01 pd	1175 30	
" " " "	" Feb '02 pd	991 27	
" " " bonds	" Aug '01 pd	6530 00	
" " " Treasurer's com		324 69	
" bal in hands of Treasurer		1070 12	$33863 78

BONDS DUE AS FOLLOWS, NAMELY:

ISSUE OF														
	July 1, 1901	July 30, 1902	July 30, 1903	July 30, 1904	July 30, 1905	August 6, 1906	August 24, 1906	October 4, 1906	Nov. 1, 1907	Jan. 26, 1908	Sept. 12, 1909	October 10, 1887	October 4, 1888	
1902	6955	7560	6805	6980	5565	4875	2600	2700	2800	1600	1250	500	500	$69,755.00
1903	6805	6980	5565	4875	2600	2700	2800	1600	1250	500	500	500	500	
1904	7560	6805	6980	5565	4875	2600	2700	2800	1600	1250	500	500	500	
1905	6955	7560	6805	6980	5565	4875	2600	2700	2800	1600	1250	500	500	
1906	6955	7560	6805	6980	5565	4875	2600	2700	2800	1600	1250	500	500	
1907	6955	7560	6805	6980	5565	4875	2600	2700	2800	1600	1250	500	500	
1908	6955	7560	6805	6980	5565	4875	2600	2700	2800	1600	1250	500	500	
1909	6955	7560	6805	6980	5565	4875	2600	2700	2800	1600	1250	500	500	
1910	6955	7560	6805	6980	5565	4875	2600	2700	2800	1600	1250	500	500	
1911	6955	7560	6805	6980	5565	4875	2600	2700	2800	1600	1250	500	500	
1913	6955	7560	6805	6980	5565	4875	2600	2700	2800	1600	1250	500	500	
1914	6955	7560	6805	6980	5565	4875	2600	2700	2800	1600	1250	500	500	
1915	6955	7560	6805	6980	5565	4875	2600	2700	2800	1600	1250	500	500	
1916	6955	7560	6805	6980	5565	4875	2600	2700	2800	1600	1250	500	500	
1917	6955	7560	6805	6980	5565	4875	2600	2700	2800	1600	1250	500	500	
1918	6955	7560	6805	6980	5565	4875	2600	2700	2800	1600	1250	500	500	
1919	6955	7560	6805	6980	5565	4875	2600	2700	2800	1600	1250	500	500	
1920	6955	7560	6805	6980	5565	4875	2600	2700	2800	1600	1250	500	500	
1921	6955	7560	6805	6980	5565	4875	2600	2700	2800	1600	1250	500	500	
1922	6955	7560	6805	6980	5565	4875	2600	2700	2800	1600	1250	500	500	

STREETS AND HIGHWAYS.

H W Dietterick, tolls on telegram	$ 33
J A Hutchins & Co's, pipe	26 40
Harman & Hassert, Casting	25
W O Holmes & Son, repairs	2 45
H V White & Co., pipe	2 70
Climax Road Machine Co., repairs	5 00
G Herring, atty, in full for Walp dam.	506 41
William Ferguson, brick	9 00
Silver Spg Quarry Co, crushed limestone	26 40
J P Jones, sand	4 45
O W Cherrington viewer in Walp case	25 00
B F Sharpless " " " "	15 00
J G Freeze, atty, Hendershott damage River street	75 00
J G Freeze, atty, Dieffenbach damage River street	68 00
Moyer Bros., cement, etc	80
C R and H C Mendenhall, sand	4 35
Mayberry Achey, cobblestone	9 00
J Lindsay, brick and curb at Car Works	187 35
M T Ohl, Kinney Run arch and stone	174 97
Mrs Samuel Neyhard, rooter plow	25 00
F P Pursel, salt	33
Paragon Plaster and Supply Co. cement	123 72
J K Pensyl, gum boots	3 00
D A Creasy, twine, etc	1 78
W M Monroe, powder	92
G M Hughes, rolling street	12 00
C F Neyhard, freight on casting	88
John E Welliver, smithing	2 75
E G Sweppenheiser, cobble stone	17 79
F W Hess, cobble stone	25 00
W R Kocher, freight on brick etc	72 30
G A Hartman, freight and hauling on street	150 00
Scranton Vitrified Brick Co., brick	142 02
T L Smith, smithing	7 25
Creasy & Wells, lumber	78 61
Bloomsburg Car Co, lumber, etc	44 59
W L Demaree, lumber	4 44
G A Hartman, freight and hauling	1 32
P H Freeze, repairs, Freeze road	25 00
David Jones, " " "	13 75
C F Neyhard, Com. of Highways	374 22
Labor and hauling	2459 38
	$ 4828 58

WATER.

Bloom Water Co. for March 1900	$ 101 67	
" " " " year 1901	1128 39	
" " " " F H W 3d St	47 81	
" " " " F H Loc & Espy rd	56 88	
	$ 1334 75	

LIGHT.

Amer Electric Light Co for March 1900	441 76	
" " " " year 1901	4827 49	
F P Baum, reporting lights out	2 80	
	$ 5273 05	

PRINTING.

Columbian, printing statement, etc	38 55	
Republican, " " "	32 50	
Sentinel, " " "	52 95	
	$ 124 00	

POLICE AND CONSTABLE.

Wesley Knorr, Chief of Police, Mar 1900	$ 40 00	
" " " " " 11 mos 1901	440 00	
Miles Betz, balance for 1900	9 00	
Miles Betz, salary in full for 1901	50 00	
A V Hower, watching	15 00	
Jno R Townsend, uniform, caps, etc	58 75	
Jacob Kelter, special police	54 00	
Charles Thomas, special police	54 00	
B W Hagenbuch, special police	50 00	
William Black, special police	2 00	
William Dietterick, special police	2 00	
S W Shultz, police	11 25	
Samuel Yost, "	1 25	
George Gearinger, "	5 00	
William Shaw, "	2 50	
A M Wintersteen, "	46 00	
William Dietterick, "	21 25	
George Yost, "	21 75	
Arlington Shultz, "	2 25	
Miles Betz, "	1 50	
A V Hower, "	50	
George Martin, "	7 00	
H W Giger, "	13 75	
D R Coffman, "	1 75	
George Beilg, "	9 37	
Thomas Morris, "	1 25	
John Corbett, "	5 00	
B Burrows, "	8 75	
Frank Baum, "	23 75	
	$ 956 62	

FIRE.

Frank Chromis, hauling pole, G W Co.	$ 2 00
H W Hess, pole, Good Will Co	16 50
J E Welliver, smithing, Good Will Co.	2 00
S H Harman, erecting pole, G W Co	10 00
United Tel & Tel Co, steps, G W Co	2 52
Intern'l Fire Eng Co, repairs, G W Co.	2 35
W R Kocher, coal, Good Will Co	4 40
J H Giger, rent, Good Will Co	14 00
Good Will Fire Co, rent	85 00
" " " appropriation for '01	75 00
Harman & Hassert, coal, Rescue Co	12 05
Bloomsburg Car Co, coal, Rescue Co	20 94
W O Holmes & Son, ladders, Rescue Co	27 40
W H Riddell, int on mort, Rescue Co	55 00
Rescue Fire Co, appropriation for 1901	100 00
Hoffman & Allison, repairs, Winona Co	1 00
C W Jones, repairs, Winona Co	1 00
J G Wells, hardware, Winona Co	1 51
Winona Fire Co, appropriation for 1901	75 00
Harman & Hassert, grates, Friends'p Co	6 22
Friendship Fire Co approp for 1901	150 00
Amer Fire Eng Co, repairs to engine	150 00
G A McKelvy, chamois for engine	1 00
A L Hyssong, coal for engine	4 82
H B Sharpless, boxing engine pump	1 75
Moyer Bros, oil for engine	2 00
S M Hess, coal for engine	1 75
Buckalew Bros, hauling engine	2 75
Harman & Hassert, repairs to engine	1 34
Viaduct Manufacturing Co, relay	5 00
J T Tracy, express on relay	30
G A Hartman, freight and hauling	4 42
W E Fisher, salary for March 1900	10 00
W E Fisher, salary 11 months 1901	110 00
W E Fisher, repairs to fire alarm	7 30
Hoffman & Allison, repairs to hose coup	2 80
	$ 978 32

TOWN HALL

Bloomsburg Steam Company, heat	$ 188 67
American Gas Company, light	59 40
Bloomsburg Water Company, water	43 21
E J Brown, sprinkling	14 50
P K Vannatta, painting, glazing, glass	6 96
Creasy & Wells, table legs, etc	3 00
A C DeSheppard, locks, keys, etc	2 75
	$ 318 49

SEWERS.

W R Kocher, Agent, freight on pipe	39 39
A L Hyssong, pipe	11 83
George N McAlarney, pipe	136 90
William F Hartman, laying sewer	25 50
C W Funston, repairs	2 50
	$ 216 12

MISCELLANEOUS.

P H Freeze, auditor 1900	$ 10 00
Wm Krickbaum, " "	10 00
Geo E Wilbur, " "	10 00
C E Hower, rent of barn	36 00
John Cox, rent of barn	4 00
H W Watts, services in Walp cases etc	5 00
J D Armstrong sundries	4 57
W G Quick, coll, costs in Vogel case	4 25
P K Vannatta, painting fountain and draping hall	9 33
H G supplee, lawn for draping hall	4 92
Am Electric Light Co, wiring fountain	29 83
Frank Ikeler, sewer pipe	6 50
S R Bidleman stationery	4 05
W O Holmes, plumbing	23 30
Jos Ratti, refund of 1901 town tax	136 88
Edw Dieffenbach, shooting dog, etc	1 00
J R Schuyler & Co, hardware	16 50
J G Wells, hardware	28 06
Charles W Runyan, hardware	5 00
G B Martin, smithing	10 00
J C Brown, Town Engineer	94 75
W M Reber, Secretary Board of Health	65 00
Fred Ikeler, Solicitor for 1900	200 00
Fred Ikeler costs in equity suit	23 25
I. Hagenbuch health officer	150 00
J. T. Tracy secretary	220 00
J. T. Tracy copying ordinances	15 00
J. T. Tracy postage	4 27
First National Bank to be applied on $5000 judgment	2000 00
E F Carpenter Treas. loan for 90 days	1000 00
E F Carpenter Treasurer State Tax interest etc	1645 80
	$ 5778 01

SUMMARY.

Highways	$ 4828 58
Water	1334 75
Light	5273 05
Printing	124 00
Police and Constable	956 62
Fire	978 32
Town Hall	318 49
Sewers	216 12
Miscellaneous	5778 01
	$ 19807 94
Deduct orders of 1901 outstanding	109 22
	$ 19698 72

OTHER PAYMENTS.

Orders of 1894	$ 1 40
Orders of 1899	2785 63
Orders of 1900	1041 26
Orders of 1901	19698 72
Coupons of August 1900	8 75
Coupons of February 1901	236 64
Coupons of August 1901	1175 30
Coupons of February 1902	991 27
Bonds paid August 1 1901	6530 00
Treasurer's commission	324 69
Balance in Treasurer's hands	1070 12
	$ 33863 78
Equalizing amount of	$ 33362 50

RECAPITULATION.

Highways	$ 4828 58
Water	1334 75
Light	5273 05
Printing	124 00
Police and constable	956 62
Fire	978 32
Town Hall	318 49
Sewer	216 12
Miscellaneous	5778 01
Amount of orders paid	23527 01
Amount of coupons paid	2411 96
Amount of bonds paid	6530 00
Treasurer's Commission	324 69
Balance in Treasurer's hands	1070 12
	$ 53671 72
Deduct orders of 1901 outstanding	109 22
	$ 53562 50

ASSETS.

Balance on Duplicate of 1895	$ 318 79
Balance on Duplicate of 1896	675 77
Balance on Duplicate of 1900	2801 61
Balance on Duplicate of 1901	9143 61
Due benefits assessed on West street	542 71
Due benefits assessed on Jefferson St.	33 45
Fire engine and hose	52 00
Town Hall and lot	15000 00
Hook and ladder truck and hose carts	1900 00
Athletic park	6000 00
Balance in Treasurer's hands	1070 12
G W Kelter lumber for bridge	9 46
L E Waller remov. Market St. bridge	46 89
G H Welliver lumber of Cath. St. bridge	19 00
	$ 40761 41
Liabilities in excess of assets	37589 17
	$ 80300 58

LIABILITIES.

Funded debt	$ 62745 00
Judgment First National Bank	3000 00
Orders outstanding	13211 11
Coupons outstanding	717 21
Due Bloomsburg Steam Co. about	100 00
Due American Electric Light Co	441 76
Due American Gas Co. about	3 00
Due Wesley Knorr	40 00
Due Isaiah Hagenbuch	12 00
Due W E Fisher	10 50
Due J T Tracy	20 00
	$ 80300 58

STATEMENT SHOWING ACCRUED LIABILITIES AND AVAILABLE ASSETS.

LIABILITIES.

Orders outstanding	$ 13211 11
Coupons outstanding	717 21
Judgment of First National Bank	3000 00
Due Bloomsburg Steam Co	100 00
Due American Electric Light Co	441 76
Due American Gas Co	3 00
Due Wesley Knorr	40 00
Due Isaiah Hagenbuch	12 00
Due W E Fisher	10 00
Due J T Tracy	20 00
	$ 17555 58

ASSETS.

Balance on Duplicate of 1895	$ 318 79
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Balance on Duplicate of 1900	2801 61
Balance on Duplicate of 1901	9143 61
Due benefits assessed on West St	542 71
Due benefits assessed on Jefferson St.	33 45
Balance in Treasurer's hands	1070 12
G W Kelter lumber	9 46
L E Waller removing bridge	46 89
G H Welliver lumber	19 00
	$ 14661 41
Liabilities in excess of assets	$ 2894 17

FRANK IKELER,
President of Council.

Attest: J. T. Tracy, Secretary.

Bloomsburg, Pa., April 16, 1902.

We, the undersigned Auditors of the Town of Bloomsburg do say that we met at the Council Room for the purpose of performing our duties and we have examined the books of the Secretary and find them correct and the balance in the hands of the Treasurer is correct.

J. W. LEE,
M. S. BROADT,
PETER H. FREEZE. } Auditors

CHARTER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania on Friday June 6th, 1902, under the Act of Assembly entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, by William H. Rhawn, Jesse K. Sharpless, Reuben J. Shuman, George B. Rhawn and Charles E. Randall for the charter of an intended corporation, to be called the "Catawissa Car and Foundry Company," the character and object of which is the manufacture of cars of all kinds, car wheels and any article of commerce from wood or iron or both, and for those purposes to have and possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said act of Assembly and supplements thereto.

5-15 4t. W. H. RHAWN, Solicitor.

CHARTER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of the State of Pennsylvania on Tuesday, May 27th, A. D 1902, by George G Jones A. M. DeWitt, F. W. Jones, J. B. DeLong, and Clinton Herring, under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled, "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain Corporations", approved April 29th, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the Charter of an intended Company to be called, "Jones Heel Manufacturing Company", the character and object of which is, "for the purpose of manufacturing, selling, or otherwise disposing of leather, heels, counters, top-lifts, soles, insoles, spring heels, and other articles made from leather, or any other material known to the trade", and for these purposes to have, possess, and enjoy, all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

CLINTON HERRING,
5-1 4t Solicitor.

CHARTER NOTICE.

In Re: Incorporation of the Berwick Malleable Company.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of the State of Pennsylvania on Friday, the 23rd day of May, 1902, by Henry R. Hoyt, William H. Bullwinkel and William H. Jessup, under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled, "An Act to provide for the Incorporation and Regulation of certain Corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the Charter of an intended Corporation, to be called Berwick Malleable Company, the character and object whereof is the manufacture of iron or steel or both, of any other metal, or of any article of commerce from wood or metal or both; and for these purposes, to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

W. H. JESSUP,
5-1-3t Solicitor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Eli Wilson, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration with the will annexed on the estate of Eli Wilson, deceased, have been granted to Thomas A. Murdock to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

THOMAS A. MURDOCK,
or to Administrator.
JOHN G. FREEZE, Atty, Milton, Pa.
Bloomsburg, Pa. 4-20 6t.*

EXECUTRIX' NOTICE.

Estate of Eli Jones, late of Bloomsburg, Pa.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Eli Jones, late of the town of Bloomsburg, county of Columbia, Pa., deceased, have been granted to Mrs. Lavina Jones, resident of said town, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

MRS. LAVINA JONES,
Executrix,
5-8 6t* Bloomsburg, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Harriet Roan, late of Bloomsburg, Pa., deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Harriet Roan, late of the town of Bloomsburg, county of Columbia, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

GEORGE C ROAN,
Administrator.
5-8 6t Bloomsburg, Pa.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

N. U. FUNK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Mrs. Ent's Building, Court House Alley,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. L. FRITZ,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office—Bloomsburg Nat'l Bank Bldg., 2d floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Office, in Lockard's Building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Wirt's Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

JOHN G. FREEZE. JOHN G. HARMAN
FREEZE & HARMAN,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Offices: Centre St., first door below Opera House

A. N. YOST,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Wirt Building, Court House Square.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. R. STEES,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Ent Bldg, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. A. McKILLIP,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Columbian Building, 2n Floor
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

RALPH R. JOHN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Hartman Building, Market Square,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

IKELER & IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office back of Farmers' National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA

CLYDE CHAS. YETTER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Wirt's Building,

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office, Corner of Third and Main Sts
CATAWISSA, PA.

CLINTON HERRING,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office with Grant Herring.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Will be in Orangeville Wednesday of each week.

WILLIAM C. JOHNSTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office in Wells' Building over B. A Gidding's Clothing Store, Bloomsburg, Pa
Will be in Millville on Tuesdays.

H. MONTGOMERY SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office:—Wirt building, over Alexander Bros. 11-16-99

EDWARD. FLYNN
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
CENTRALIA, PA.
Office Liddicot building, Locust avenue

J. S. JOHN, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office and residence, 410 Main St
3-70-1y BLOOMSBURG PA

MONTOUR TELEPHONE. BELL TELEPHON
EYES TESTED, GLASSES FITTED.
H. BIERMAN, M. D.
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
OFFICE HOURS: Office & Residence, 4th St,
10 a. m. to 2 p. m., 6:30 to 8 p. m.
BLOOMSBURG PA

J. J. BROWN, M. D.
THE EYE A SPECIALTY.
Eyes tested and fitted with glasses.
No Sunday work.
311 Market St., Bloomsburg, Pa.
Hours:—10 Telephone.

DR. M. J. HESS
DENTISTRY IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,
Crown and bridge work
—A—
SPECIALTY,
Corner Main and Centre Street
BLOOMSBURG PA
Columbia & Montour Telephone connection.

DR. W. H. HOUSE
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office Barton's Building, Main below Mark
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manner and all work warranted as represented
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN,
by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
To be open all hours during the day

C. WATSON McKELVY
FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.
(Successor to B. F. Hartman
Represents twelve of the strongest Companies in the world, among which are:

	CASH CAPITAL	TOTAL ASSETS.	SURPLUS OVER ALL
Franklin of Phila..	$400,000	$7,[illegible]29	$1,[illegible]5
Penn'a, Phila	400,000	3,[illegible]	[illegible]5
Queen, of N. Y.	500,000	3,538

THE COLUMBIAN.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. S. Williams & Son,
BLOOMSBURG PA
Public Sale Criers and General Auctioneers.
Fifteen years experience. Satisfaction guaranteed. Best returns of any sale criers in his section of the State. Write for terms and dates. We never disappoint our patrons.

Legal advertisements on page 7.

The School Furnishing Company started work on Monday.

Charles Ohl will move to Williamsport in the very near future.

The Market street fountain is being fitted up for the summer.

The Lime Ridge post office has been made a money order office.

The work on W. S. Rishton's new residence on Market street, is being hurried along.

The Royal Arcanum will hold a social session tomorrow evening. A pleasant time is assured.

The Clerks have challenged the Printers for a base ball game. It has not yet been accepted.

WANTED:—A girl to do general house work. Good wages. Call at 222 West Third street.

Mr. and Mrs. Kimber Strausser have gone to housekeeping on Centre street.

The post office at Derrs will be discontinued after May 31, and the patrons served by free delivery.

Restaurateur William Yost is raising his property on the corner of East and Fifth streets.

A new boiler is being installed at the Hawley-Slate Furniture factory. C. H. and H. R. Reimard are doing the work.

Harry White, of Almedia, will pitch for the base ball team of Wyoming Seminary. He left for Kingston on Monday.

Engine No. 2, which has been in service on the Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad almost since its opening, has been entirely demolished.

The Shoe Department of The Leader Department, each month increases its business over the business of the preceding month.

The pay-roll of the Magee Carpet Co. for April was the heaviest in the history of the Company. Almost $8000 was distributed.

Mr. James Magee, manager of the Carpet Co., is in New York meeting the large buyers of the country.

Harry Z. Long and Miss Minnie Gilbert, popular Bloomsburg young people, were joined in matrimony at the M. E. Parsonage by Rev. W. M. Frysinger Thursday evening.

John R. Townsend attended a meeting of the Forestry Association of the State in Philadelphia on Monday. He went down Sunday evening and returned home Tuesday.

The ticket office at the Main entrance of the Columbia County fair grounds has been brightened n appearance by several coats of paint. James D. Goss was the artist.

The High School Alumni held a meeting in the Library of the High School last night. The banquet this year will be held at Shawnee Park. The members are preparing for a royal good time.

The new boiler and engine have been placed in the Tabernacle and will furnish power for the webbing looms and also for an electric plant to supply The Leader Department Store with light.

Wilbur Marteeny of Berwick, has accepted a position with J. E. Roys. Mr Marteeny recently took a course in watch making in Philadelphia. He has also prepared himself in other lines of the jewelry business.

Machinery is still being placed in the Spinning Mill at the Carpet Works. A car load arrived on Monday and another car load is en route from the East. The Company is determined to have the plant 2nd to none in the Country.

Several hundred miles away from home and no money was the position that seven members of "A True Kentuckian" theatrical company found themselves in on Monday The organization stranded at Harrisburg Saturday evening, and the above number came up as far as Catawissa over the Penna. Railroad when their money gave out and they were forced to walk. They were going to Hazleton.

MAY COURT NEWS.

[Continued from Page 6.]

J. Paul Fry, John Chrisman and James C. Brown appointed viewers to view site and vacate road in Mifflin township.

Charter granted to the Rupert Hunting, Fishing and Boating Club.

Petition of freeholders and others for the purpose of incorporating the Borough of West Berwick discussed, testimony taken, etc.

Estate of Daniel Stiner. Report of sale confirmed nisi.

Estate of George W. Billman. Order of sale granted.

Estate of John C. Lemon. Order of sale granted.

Cherrington and Bair vs. Hamlin Car and Wheel Manufacturing Co. Judgment in open Court.

G. M. Ikeler's use vs. J. W. Whitenight et. al. Judgment in open Court.

Worth Brothers & Co. vs. Hamlin Car and Wheel Mfg. C. Judgment in open Court.

New York National Building and Loan Association vs. L. H. Wolf et. al. Judgment in open Court.

Edward Kester vs. Harriet Heller, et. al. Judgment in open Court.

George Farver vs. American Car & Foundry Co. Charge trespass. Plea not guilty. Jury drawn and sworn and motion made by defendant's attorneys to take jury to Berwick to view grounds of plaintiff. Granted. H. Mont. Smith and C. C. Evans appointed showers.

Jos. Gilmore vs. Lehigh Valley Coal Co. Charge trespass. Plea not guilty. Jury called and sworn. Verdict for defendant.

Joseph Judge and Mary Judge by M. P. Lutz, guardian vs. Lehigh Valley Coal Co. Charge trespass. Plea not guilty. Jury called and sworn. Verdict for defendant.

Estate of Mary Dreisbach. Auditor's report confirmed nisi.

Commonwealth vs. Charles H. Ernest. Charge assault with intent. Verdict guilty. Motion for arrest of judgment and new trial. Argument.

TOWN COUNCIL.

[Continued from 1st page.]

Mr. Keiter's offer was accepted and carried.

Pavement from Supplee's store to D. L. & W. R. R., reported in bad condition. On motion duly seconded the parties interested are to be ordered to place same in proper repair or the usual penalty will be imposed.

Mr. Neyhart reported that persons previously notified to lay pavements will do so as soon as material can be obtained.

It was moved and seconded that $12.75 be deducted from the American Electric Light Company's bill for lights out during months of March and April.

Mr. Reimard, stated that in his opinion Good Will Fire Co. No. 4 being a legally organized company, should share in the Firemen's Relief Fund. After some discussion the matter was turned over to the Committee on Fire and Water, they to confer with the Solicitor.

The Committee on Highways was instructed to investigate a complaint made by James Magee in regard to the inadequacy of the sewer on Sixth Street.

Samuel Shaffer was appointed building inspector for another year.

W. E. Fisher was reappointed to look after and keep in repair the fire alarm system. The salary to remain the same as last year $10 per month.

Power was vested in President Townsend to have the Market Street fountain repainted and put in condition for summer.

The contract to sprinkle the streets around the Town Hall was awarded to E. J. Brown.

The bills of Fred T. Ikeler for services as solicitor, amounting to $500, and J. T. Tracy, $50, were referred to the Finance Committee.

The Committee on Highways was delegated to take up the boundary line question and report at the next meeting.

The Council decided that hereafter sewer permits must be taken up and paid for when issued.

The matter of an arc light for East Fourth street, was referred to the Committee on Light with power to act.

C. W. Funston complained of the condition of the gutter running across First street. Referred to Street Committee.

T. C. Harter asked for a brick crossing across Main street at East. No action taken.

The following policemen were elected:

First Ward—H. D. Manning, A. M. Wintersteen, Ed. Splain, Robert McBride. D. R. Coffman.

Second Ward—George Yost, F. P. Baum, Thomas Morris, Geo. Belig, Boyd Patterson.

Third Ward—Joseph Stiner, B. W. Hagenbuch, George Gearinger, Frank Dietrick.

Fourth Ward—Harvey Giger. William Dietterich, John Corbit, George Jacoby.

CENTENNIAL INTEREST GROWS.

[Continued from 1st page.]

H. V. White Esq., responded by referring to the fact that it is said that the stopping of the work of the industries, would cost the town from ten to twelve thousand dollars, but even if this were the case it will be a beuefit to the industries and to every business in town, either directly or indirectly. If there is to be any criticism of the program let it be done now, or to the committee at any time. Dont go out on the street or in public places and find fault, but go to the committee and say what you have to say, and make your objections squarely to them. When the finance committee calls upon you, don't put them off, but be prepared to do your share at once.

The chair called on Rev. J. D. Smith who said he had been thinking of an extemporaneous speech for several days. He amused the audience by his humor and was frequently applauded, as were all the speakers, and closed with an earnest appeal for the success of the celebration, and paid a high tribute to Bloomsburg, and urged that a lasting monument be left to mark the first hundred years of our beautiful town.

J. C. Brown arrived late from a school meeting, and being called upon said that he was pleased with the attendance, and with the spirit with which the movement was being received. He could see now nothing but success, although some felt some misgivings at first because there seemed to be a lack of enthusiasm, but that fear had passed.

Dr. Welsh announced that an official envelope was being prepared, and every business man would be asked to use them.

After music by the band the meeting adjourned.

THE POWER OF THE PRESS.

Too Much for the Bankers and they go Under to the Tune of 28 to 18.

The "typos" and an aggregation of young men, known as the Bankers had a gala time on Normal Athletic Field Saturday afternoon. It was a wild, dazzling attempt at the great game of base ball, and maybe it wasn't a dandy. For one hour and forty-five minutes eighteen men jumped about, and furnished enough fun to stock a half dozen farce comedies. The teams lined up as follows:

PRINTERS.	BANKERS.
Geisinger s s	Achenbach 2 b
Strohm c	Ritchie c
Stookey c. f.	Holmes s s
Hagenbuch 3 b	Edgar 3 b
Moore 1 b	Low c. f.
Jones l. f.	Carpenter 1 b.
Kocher 2 b	Miller r. f.
Evans r. f.	Hehl l. f.
Tasker p	Broadt p

That's the way they started out. The wind up was a delirious dream, and entirely beyond the writer's ability to describe. The audience was not a large one, but we believe that every person who attended received their money's worth, in fun, beside having the satisfaction of knowing that their contribution will be devoted to the fund which will be used to properly celebrate Bloomsburg's one hundredth anniversary.

The Bankers started in as if they meant to wipe up the earth with their opponents, and scored five big runs. On a large and gorgeous error Achenbach managed to get to first. Ritchie saw something coming toward him which resembled a balloon and struck at it, when he recovered consciousness he discovered that he had made a base hit and Achenbach had scored. There was a bunch of rank errors, and Ritchie scored. This should have ended the scoring but Strohm positively refused to have anything to do with the third strike, and as a result every base was occupied by a banker. Here Strohm thought he saw a chance to catch a man and threw the ball. He intended to throw it to second base, but instead it went in the direction of the clouds, and before it returned two bankers had scampered home. The other six innings were very similar to the first, only the Bankers were not quite so much in evidence. Before closing we wish to state that Hehl and Low, who were counted on to do the heavy "stick" work for the Bankers, both on two different occasions, smashed three large holes in the air, but did not touch the ball.

When the smoke of battle cleared away the Printers had 28 runs and the Bankers 18. As stated above the game was to raise money for the Centennial fund, and on Monday $21 was turned over for that purpose.

Moving pictures of a high order illustrated songs and choice music, is the program to be given at the Opera House on the evening of May 31. The Alonzo Hatch Electro Photo Musical Co. Benefit Ladies' Aid Society of the Baptist church.

Mrs. J. C. Traub was called to Gettysburg on Sunday by the sudden and serious illness of her son Frank who is attending the Pennsylvania College there. She was accompanied by Miss McNeal of the Normal School.

Capital Stock, $6,000,000. **FULL PAID NON-ASSESSABLE.** Par Value of Shares, $5.00

Cuyamaca Ranch and Mining Company,

OWNERS OF

The Famous "Stonewall" Gold Mine

AND

Cuyamaca Ranch, Containing 20,400 Acres.

Mineral Bearing, Agricultral and Timber Land. Situated in South West portion of San Diego County, California.

Company's Bankers in California, { San Francisco, San Francisco National Bank. Los Angeles, Broadway Bank and Trust Co.

Principal Eeastern Office,

Continental Trust Building. Baltimore, Md.

Reasons Why shares in the Cuyamaca Ranch and Mining Company may be expected to yield a greater profit than any other equally substantial investment now offered. The Company owns thousands of acres of mineral ground on the great Mother Lode of California, which has produced more gold in the past fifty-three years, since the discovery of gold in California, than any other gold bearing formation in the world has ever yielded. This great gold belt runs through the property of this Company for about twelve miles from North to South. It is doubtful if any other Company in the world owns gold bearing territory of equal extent and importance; that it is very rich seems to be proved by the fact that the only mine opened on this estate, the famous Stonewall, has yielded from the surface to a depth of six hundred (600) feet, probably over Two Millions of Dollars ($2,000,000), more than Nine Hundred Thousand ($900,000) Dollars of which was taken out during a period of three years and four months. This record has been verified by the books of the Bank, in San Francisco, to which the bullion was shipped, and by the United States Mint in San Francisco. We give below the detail of this very remarkable record, which, competent authorities state, might have been greatly exceeded by different management:

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., March 3, 1902

E. PACKHAM, JR., ESQ.
Treasurer Cuyamaca Ranch and Mining Co.
618 Continental Trust Building, Baltimore, Md.

Dear Sir:—Replying to your inquiry as to the output of bullion from Stonewall Mine, the books of the bank show that there was received the following amounts during the months and years stated, prior to the death of the late owner.

	1888	1889	1890	1891
January	$25,590 14	$18,501 68	$15,334 32	$11,627 07
February	8,029 44	11,080 50	29,664 55	16,154 40
March	28,776 38	19,275 72	31,362 41	13,198 98
April	24,052 71	22,513 03	16,431 37	17,175 01
May	78,255 49	12,154 75	33,093 56	
June	7,574 59	11,414 67	45,120 99	
July	12,525 59	11,549 09	37,789 94	
August	22,633 35	25,035 77	27,318 28	
September	9,901 51	18,568 97	11,842 00	
October	7,475 29	19,527 38	54,755 19	
November	19,915 52	22,828 85	29,983 98	
December	21,206 06	17,666 68	32,537 10	
	$265,936 07	$220,117 09	$365,233 69	$58,155 46

1888	$265,936 07
1889	220,117 09
1890	365,233 69
4 months in 1891	58,155 46
Total for 3 years and 4 months	$909,442 31

(Signed) JAMES K. WILSON
(Signed) L. I. COWGILL
Trustees for
THE SATHER BANKING CO.
(Now San Francisco National Bank.)

Mr. Wilson writes, under date of March 3rd, as follows: "Have spent several days with the people of the United States Mint here proving our figures, to which you wished me to affix my name.

"These figures are not only absolutely correct as verified by the United States Mint returns at San Francisco, but we can increase these figures previous to January, 1888, if you desire us to do so. In my researches at the Mint, between 1880 and 1885, I have already found $188,958.00; $20,466 output January, 18 0, from a little ten stamp mill; February of that year $21,492.00; then in 1885 running but a little time only, $75,000.00 more was taken out. I have invited here the Statistician of the United States Mint, Mr. Yale, to look up further history. It seems that this Mr. Yale, as a young man, worked as an assayer at the mine away back in early days. From the croppings at that time he took away about one hundred pounds of very rich ore showing free gold largely (so he says), which he brought here to melt up and make a present to his wife.

"He has that ore now and I presume if the parties who are promoting the sale of this property wished it, it could be obtained at its value. It seems to me it would be a great thing to have it, because what I am saying to you is entirely reliable and authentic.

"You may think I have delayed, but you do not know the amount of effort I have put into this since the receipt of the draft which you wished me to sign, and herewith enclosed. I could not, nor would I, affix my signature until I knew these figures were exactly correct."

This mine has not been worked since the death of the late owner, as the insolvency of his estate caused prolonged litigation, from which the estate has been extricated **and an absolutely perfect title vested in this Compay**, who will now proceed to work this mine, which is perfectly equipped with a 20-stamp mill in perfect working order, and all the necessary machinery for pumping, hoisting, etc, and will also begin immediately, and prosecute as rapidly as possible the exploration of all the gold mining portion of the estate, and to develop its other industries.

The value of the Company's ground, for gold mining, is also proven by the large number of mines, opened in the same formation, in the well-known mining districts of Banner and Julian to the North, and by the development of equally productive mines to the South of the Company's boundaries.

Accurate accounts of the details of the operations of the Stonewall mine and mill are not obtainable, but the record in the Bank shows that Six Hundred and Fifty seven Thousand, Sixty Dollars and Thirty six Cents ($657,060.36) of value in bullion was produced from January, 1888, to July, 1890, during which time only an old 10-stamp mill was in use. The full capacity of such a mill would be thirty (30) tons for each twenty-four (24) hours, and if worked continuously, during the time named, the amount of ore handled should have been about twenty-seven thousand (27,000) tons, thus showing an average value per ton for the ore of about Twenty-four Dollars (24). This is extraordinary, and perhaps unequalled, on a strictly free milling proposition. Nothing whatever was done with the tailings, under the old management.

Col. S. H. Lucas, our General Manager, states strongly his belief that he can so open up the Stonewall mine as to block out, during the next eighteen months, sufficient reserves of ore to enable him to work continuously a 40-stamp mill which would have a capacity of one hundred and twenty (120) tons per day, which, at the same average, as is shown in the past, would mean the production of Twenty-eight Hundred and Eighty Dollars ($2880) per day in gold. As the operation of a stamp mill is practically continuous, barring accident, it is safe to figure on three hundred and fifty (350) working days in the year; this would show a product of One Million and Eight Thousand Dollars ($1,008,000), equal to 17 per cent. per annum on the entire capital stock of the Company, **from a single mine**, out of the dozens that may be discovered on the property of this Company, to say nothing of its other great resources.

The complete Official Prospectus of this Company, handsomely illustrated, giving the Directors and containing full reports on all resources of the Company, and detailing its plans for development, is now in press, and will be furnished, on application, to those contemplating investment.

PRESENT PRICE, $2.00 PER SHARE.

The Company reserves the right to advance the price without notice.

CHAS. W. RAY & CO..

STOCKS, BONDS,
INVESTMENT SECURITIES,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

TELEPHONES:
Long Distance 30
Local . . . 1242

S. F. PEACOCK,
MANAGER,
3-4 Peacock Bldg.